

DRP-3200 / DBR-3200 / DHP-1U User's Manual

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DRP-3200, DBR-3200, DHP-1U User's Manual

0. Safety Guidelines

- ⊙ Risk of electrical shock and energy hazard, all failure should be examined by a qualified technician. Please do not remove the case from the supply/charger or rack shelf unit by yourself.
- ⊙ Please do not change any component on the unit or make any kind of modification on it.
- ⊙ Please do not install the unit in places with high moisture, high ambient temperature or under direct sunlight.
- ⊙ The input voltage range is 100- 240Vac (50/60Hz), please do not feed in voltage that is over or less than 10% of that range.
- ⊙ The safety protection level of this unit is class I. The " Frame Ground" (⏚) on the rack shelf unit must be well connected to PE (Protective Earth).

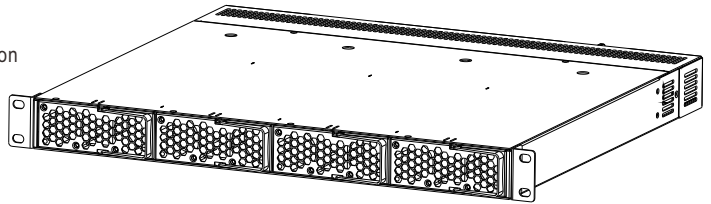
1. Introduction

1.1 Introduction

The DRP-3200 is a rack mountable power supply that provides energy source for telecom equipments, monitoring systems, servers, etc, installing into a 19" rack shelf is required for operation. The DBR-3200 is a rack mountable charger, used to charge batteries, installing into a 19" rack shelf is required for operation.

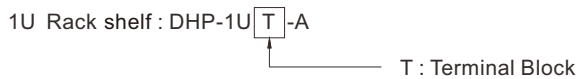
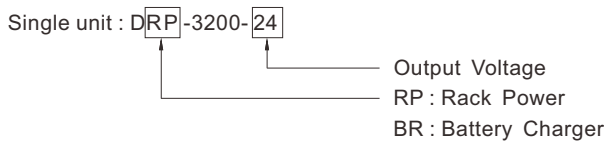
1.2 Features Description

- ⊙ 44 mm low profile, suitable for standard 1U rack applications
- ⊙ Universal AC input/Full range
- ⊙ Built-in active PFC function, PF>0.98
- ⊙ Protections: short circuit/overload/over voltage /over temperature
- ⊙ Active current sharing up to 12800W (4 units) in one 19" rack shelf; up to 2 rack shelves (8 units maximum) can be connected in parallel for DRP-3200
- ⊙ Remote control for each unit of DRP/DBU-3200 ◦
- ⊙ Built-in remote sense function for DRP-3200
- ⊙ Built-in battery temperature compensation function for DBR-3200
- ⊙ Output voltage programming
- ⊙ Output current programming
- ⊙ Hot Swap operation
- ⊙ AC OK and DC OK signal outputs
- ⊙ Forced air cooling by built-in DC fan with fan speed control function
- ⊙ 5V/0.3A and 12V/0.8A auxiliary output
- ⊙ Built-in ORing FETs ◦
- ⊙ PMBus serial data transmission function
- ⊙ 5 years warranty



1.3 Order Information

1.3.1 Explanation for Encoding



1.3.2 Marking

- ⊙ Please refer to the safety label on the top of the unit before use (Figure 1-1~1-5)
- ⊙ Supply/Charger unit model

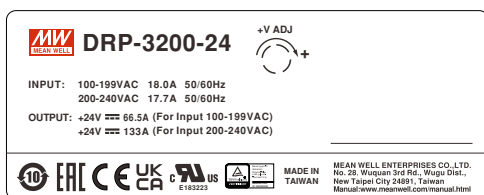


Figure1-1 safety label of DRP-3200

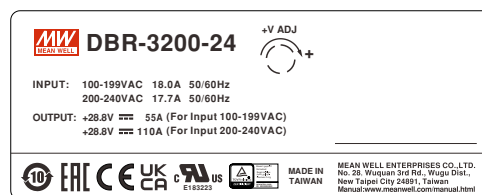


Figure1-2 safety label of DBR-3200

⊙Rack Shelf :

Figure 1-3: Safety label of DHP-1U

⊙Whole system :

Figure 1-4: Safety label of the whole DHP system

Figure 1-5: Safety label of the whole DHB system

1.4 Main Specification

⊙Supply/Charger unit

| MODEL | DRP-3200-24 | DRP-3200-48 | |
|---------------------|--|---|--------------|
| OUTPUT | DC VOLTAGE | 24V | 48V |
| | RATED CURRENT | 133A | 67A |
| | CURRENT RANGE | 0 ~ 133A | 0 ~ 67A |
| | RATED POWER | 3192W | 3216W |
| | RIPPLE & NOISE (max.) Note.2 | 300mVp-p | 480mVp-p |
| | VOLTAGE ADJ. RANGE | 23.5 ~ 30V | 47.5 ~ 58.8V |
| | VOLTAGE TOLERANCE Note.4 | ± 1.0% | ± 1.0% |
| | LINE REGULATION | ± 0.5% | ± 0.5% |
| | LOAD REGULATION | ± 0.5% | ± 0.5% |
| SETUP, RISE TIME | 1500ms, 60ms/230VAC at full load | | |
| HOLD UP TIME (Typ.) | 16ms / 230VAC at 75% load 9ms / 230VAC at full load | | |
| INPUT | VOLTAGE RANGE Note.5 | 90 ~ 264VAC 127 ~ 370VDC | |
| | FREQUENCY RANGE | 47 ~ 63Hz | |
| | POWER FACTOR (Typ.) | 0.97/230VAC at full load | |
| | EFFICIENCY (Typ.) Note.6 | 93.5% | 94.5% |
| | AC CURRENT (Typ.) Note.5 | 17A/230VAC | |
| | INRUSH CURRENT (Typ.) | COLD START 55A/230VAC | |
| LEAKAGE CURRENT | <1.5mA / 230VAC | | |
| PROTECTION | OVERLOAD | 105 ~ 115% rated current Protection type : Constant current limiting, shut down O/P voltage after 5 sec. After O/P voltage falls, re-power on to recover | |
| | OVER VOLTAGE | 31.5 ~ 37.5V | 63 ~ 75V |
| | OVER TEMPERATURE | Shut down o/p voltage, recovers automatically after temperature goes down | |

| MODEL | | DBR-3200-24 | DBR-3200-48 |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--------------|
| OUTPUT | BOOST CHARGE VOLTAGE(Vboost)(default) | 28.8V | 57.6V |
| | FLOAT CHARGE VOLTAGE(Vfloat)(default) | 27.6V | 55.2V |
| | CONSTANT CURRENT(CC)(default) | 110A | 55A |
| | VOLTAGE ADJ. RANGE | By built-in potentiometer, SVR | |
| | | 23.5 ~ 30V | 47.5 ~ 58.8V |
| | RECOMMENDED BATTERY CAPACITY(AMP HOURS) Note.3 | 330 ~ 1000Ah | 180 ~ 550Ah |
| LEAKAGE CURRENT FROM BATTERY (Typ.) | <1.5mA | | |
| INPUT | VOLTAGE RANGE Note.4 | 90 ~ 264VAC 127 ~ 370VDC | |
| | FREQUENCY RANGE | 47 ~ 63Hz | |
| | POWER FACTOR (Typ.) | 0.97/230VAC at full load | |
| | EFFICIENCY (Typ.) | 93.5% | 94.5% |
| | AC CURRENT (Typ.) Note.4 | 17A/230VAC | |
| | INRUSH CURRENT (Typ.) | COLD START 55A/230VAC | |
| | LEAKAGE CURRENT | <1.5mA / 230VAC | |
| PROTECTION | OVER VOLTAGE | 31.5 ~ 37.5V | 63 ~ 75V |
| | | Protection type : Shut down o/p voltage, re-power on to recover | |
| | OVER TEMPERATURE | Shut down o/p voltage, recovers automatically after temperature goes down | |

◎Rack system

| MODEL | | DHP-12K1U□-24 | DHP-12K1U□-48 | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|---|
| OUTPUT | RECTIFIER | DRP-3200-24 | DRP-3200-48 | |
| | OUTPUT VOLTAGE | 24V | 48V | |
| | MAX. OUTPUT CURRENT | 532A | 268A | |
| | MAX. OUTPUT POWER Note.4 | 12768W | 12864W | |
| INPUT | VOLTAGE RANGE Note.5 | 90 ~ 264VAC 127 ~ 370VDC | | |
| | FREQUENCY RANGE | 47 ~ 63Hz | | |
| | AC CURRENT (Typ.) per RECTIFIER | 17A/230VAC | | |
| | LEAKAGE CURRENT per RECTIFIER Note.7 | <1.5mA / 230VAC | | |
| FUNCTION | OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMABLE(PV) | Adjustment of output voltage is allowable to 50 ~ 125% of nominal output voltage. Please refer to the Function Manual. | | |
| | CONSTANT CURRENT LEVEL PROGRAMMABLE(PC) | Adjustment of constant current level is allowable to 20 ~ 100% of rated current. Please refer to the Function Manual. | | |
| | REMOTE ON-OFF CONTROL | By electrical signal or dry contact ON:short OFF:open | | |
| | REMOTE SENSE | Compensate voltage drop on the load wiring up to 0.5V | | |
| | AUXILIARY POWER | 5V @ 0.3A, tolerance ±10%, ripple 150mVp-p, 12V @ 0.8A, tolerance ±10%, ripple 450mVp-p | | |
| | ALARM SIGNAL | Isolated TTL signal output for T-Alarm, AC-OK and DC-OK | | |
| ENVIRONMENT | WORKING TEMP. | -30 ~ +70°C, when 3 or 4 power/charger units are paralleled in power shelf, highest working temperature shall de-rate to 40°C at full load | | |
| | WORKING HUMIDITY | 20 ~ 90% RH non-condensing | | |
| | STORAGE TEMP., HUMIDITY | -40 ~ +85°C, 10 ~ 95% RH non-condensing | | |
| | TEMP. COEFFICIENT | ±0.03%/°C (0 ~ 50°C) | | |
| | VIBRATION | 10 ~ 500Hz, 2G 10min./1cycle, 60min. each along X, Y, Z axes | | |
| SAFETY & EMC (Note 8) | SAFETY STANDARDS | UL62368-1, CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1, TUV BS EN/EN62368-1 approved | | |
| | WITHSTAND VOLTAGE | I/P-O/P:3KVAC I/P-FG:2KVAC O/P-FG:700VDC | | |
| | ISOLATION RESISTANCE | I/P-O/P, I/P-FG, O/P-FG:100M Ohms / 500VDC / 25°C / 70% RH | | |
| | EMC EMISSION | Parameter | Standard | Test Level / Note |
| | | Conducted | BS EN/EN55032 (CISPR32) | Class B |
| | | Radiated | BS EN/EN55032 (CISPR32) | Class A |
| | | Harmonic Current | BS EN/EN61000-3-2 | Class A |
| | | Voltage Flicker | BS EN/EN61000-3-3 | ----- |
| | EMC IMMUNITY | BS EN/EN55035, BS EN/EN61000-6-2 | | |
| | | Parameter | Standard | Test Level / Note |
| | | ESD | BS EN/EN61000-4-2 | Level 3, 8KV air ; Level 2, 4KV contact |
| | | Radiated | BS EN/EN61000-4-3 | Level 3 |
| | | EFT / Burst | BS EN/EN61000-4-4 | Level 3 |
| | | Surge | BS EN/EN61000-4-5 | Level 4, 2KV/Line-Line 4KV/Line-Earth |
| Conducted | | BS EN/EN61000-4-6 | Level 3 | |
| Magnetic Field | | BS EN/EN61000-4-8 | Level 4 | |
| Voltage Dips and Interruptions | BS EN/EN61000-4-11 | >95% dip 0.5 periods, 30% dip 25 periods, >95% interruptions 250 periods | | |

| | | | |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| MODEL | DHP-12K1U□-24 | DHP-12K1U□-48 | |
| OTHERS | DIMENSION | Rack 400*482.6*44(L*W*H, with mounting bracket) ; 365*440*44(L*W*H, without mounting bracket) | |
| | PACKING | 4.85Kg; 3pcs/17.4Kg/1.8CUFT | |
| NOTE | <p>1. All parameters NOT specially mentioned are measured at 230VAC input, rated load and 25°C of ambient temperature.</p> <p>2. Ripple & noise are measured at 20MHz of bandwidth by using a 12" twisted pair-wire terminated with a 0.1uf & 47uf parallel capacitor. Under parallel operation of more than one rack connecting together, ripple of the output voltage may be higher than the SPEC at light load condition. It will go back to normal ripple level once the output load is more than 5%.</p> <p>3. Tolerance : includes set up tolerance, line regulation and load regulation.</p> <p>4. Output of all the DRP-3200 modules are connected in parallel in the rack.</p> <p>5. Derating may be needed under low input voltages. Please check the static characteristics for more details.</p> <p>6. Because of component tolerance, there is a possibility that some of units connected in parallel will reach an overcurrent limit then overloading the other units when operating at full load condition. If overload conditions happen in parallel usage, it is suggested that derate the total output current by 10%.</p> <p>7. The equivalent leakage current of the system is determined by the quantity of populated rectifiers.</p> <p>8. The power supply is considered a component which will be installed into a final equipment. All the EMC tests are been executed by mounting the unit on a 1000mm*1300mm metal plate with 2mm of thickness. The final equipment must be re-confirmed that it still meets EMC directives. For guidance on how to perform these EMC tests, please refer to "EMI testing of component power supplies." (as available on https://www.meanwell.com/Upload/PDF/EMI_statement_en.pdf)</p> <p>9. The ambient temperature derating of 3.5°C/1000m with fanless models and of 5°C/1000m with fan models for operating altitude higher than 2000m(6500ft).</p> <p>※ Product Liability Disclaimer : For detailed information, please refer to https://www.meanwell.com/serviceDisclaimer.aspx</p> | | |

| | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|-------------|
| MODEL | DHB-12K1U□-24 | DHB-12K1U□-48 | |
| OUTPUT | CHARGER | DBR-3200-24 | DBR-3200-48 |
| | BOOST CHARGE VOLTAGE(Vboost)(default) | 28.8V | 57.6V |
| | FLOAT CHARGE VOLTAGE(Vfloat)(default) | 27.6V | 55.2V |
| | CURRENT RANGE | 0 ~ 440A | 0 ~ 220A |
| INPUT | VOLTAGE RANGE Note.2 | 90 ~ 264VAC 127 ~ 370VDC | |
| | FREQUENCY RANGE | 47 ~ 63Hz | |
| | AC CURRENT (Typ.) per CHARGER | 17A/230VAC | |
| | LEAKAGE CURRENT per CHARGER Note.4 | <1.5mA / 230VAC | |
| FUNCTION | OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMABLE(PV) | Adjustment of output voltage is allowable to 75 ~ 125% of nominal output voltage. Please refer to the Function Manual. | |
| | OUTPUT CURRENT PROGRAMMABLE(PC) | Adjustment of output current is allowable to 20 ~ 100% of rated current. Please refer to the Function Manual. | |
| | REMOTE ON-OFF CONTROL | By electrical signal or dry contact ON:short OFF:open | |
| | AUXILIARY POWER | 5V @ 0.3A, tolerance ± 10%, ripple 150mVp-p, 12V @ 0.8A, tolerance ± 10%, ripple 450mVp-p | |
| | ALARM SIGNAL | The isolated TTL signal out, Please refer to Installation Manual | |
| | TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION | -3mV / °C / cell / (24V = 12 cells ; 48V = 24 cells) | |
| ENVIRONMENT | WORKING TEMP. | -30 ~ +70°C (Refer to "Derating Curve") | |
| | WORKING HUMIDITY | 20 ~ 90% RH non-condensing | |
| | STORAGE TEMP., HUMIDITY | -40 ~ +85°C, 10 ~ 95% RH non-condensing | |
| | TEMP. COEFFICIENT | ±0.03%/°C (0 ~ 50°C) | |
| | VIBRATION | 10 ~ 500Hz, 2G 10min./1cycle, 60min. each along X, Y, Z axes | |
| SAFETY & EMC (Note 5) | SAFETY STANDARDS | UL62368-1, TUV BS EN/EN62368-1 approved | |
| | WITHSTAND VOLTAGE | I/P-O/P:3KVAC I/P-FG:2KVAC O/P-FG:700VDC | |
| | ISOLATION RESISTANCE | I/P-O/P, I/P-FG, O/P-FG:100M Ohms / 500VDC / 25°C / 70% RH | |
| | EMC EMISSION | Compliance to BS EN/EN55032 (CISPR32) Conduction Class B, Radiation Class A ; BS EN/EN61000-3-2,-3 | |
| OTHERS | DIMENSION | Rack 400*482.6*44(L*W*H, with mounting bracket) ; 365*440*44(L*W*H, without mounting bracket) | |
| | PACKING | 5.5Kg; 3pcs/17.5Kg/2.11CUFT | |
| NOTE | <p>1. All parameters NOT specially mentioned are measured at 230VAC input, rated load and 25°C of ambient temperature.</p> <p>2. Derating may be needed under low input voltages. Please check the static characteristics for more details.</p> <p>3. Output of all the DBR-3200 modules are connected in parallel in the rack.</p> <p>4. The equivalent leakage current of the system is determined by the quantity of populated chargers.</p> <p>5. The power supply is considered a component which will be installed into a final equipment. All the EMC tests are been executed by mounting the unit on a 1000mm*1300mm metal plate with 2mm of thickness. The final equipment must be re-confirmed that it still meets EMC directives. For guidance on how to perform these EMC tests, please refer to "EMI testing of component power supplies." (as available on https://www.meanwell.com/Upload/PDF/EMI_statement_en.pdf)</p> <p>6. The ambient temperature derating of 3.5°C/1000m with fanless models and of 5°C/1000m with fan models for operating altitude higher than 2000m(6500ft).</p> <p>※ Product Liability Disclaimer : For detailed information, please refer to https://www.meanwell.com/serviceDisclaimer.aspx</p> | | |

2. Mechanical Specification and Input/Output Terminals

2.1 Mechanism of Supply/Charger unit

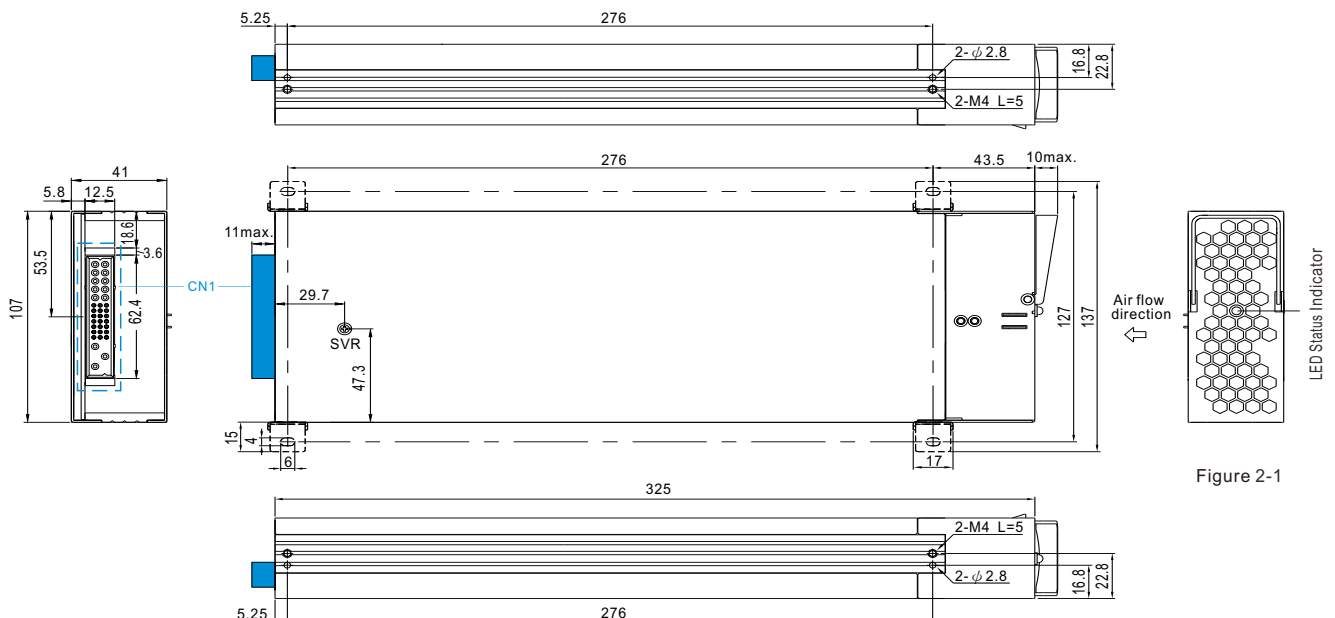
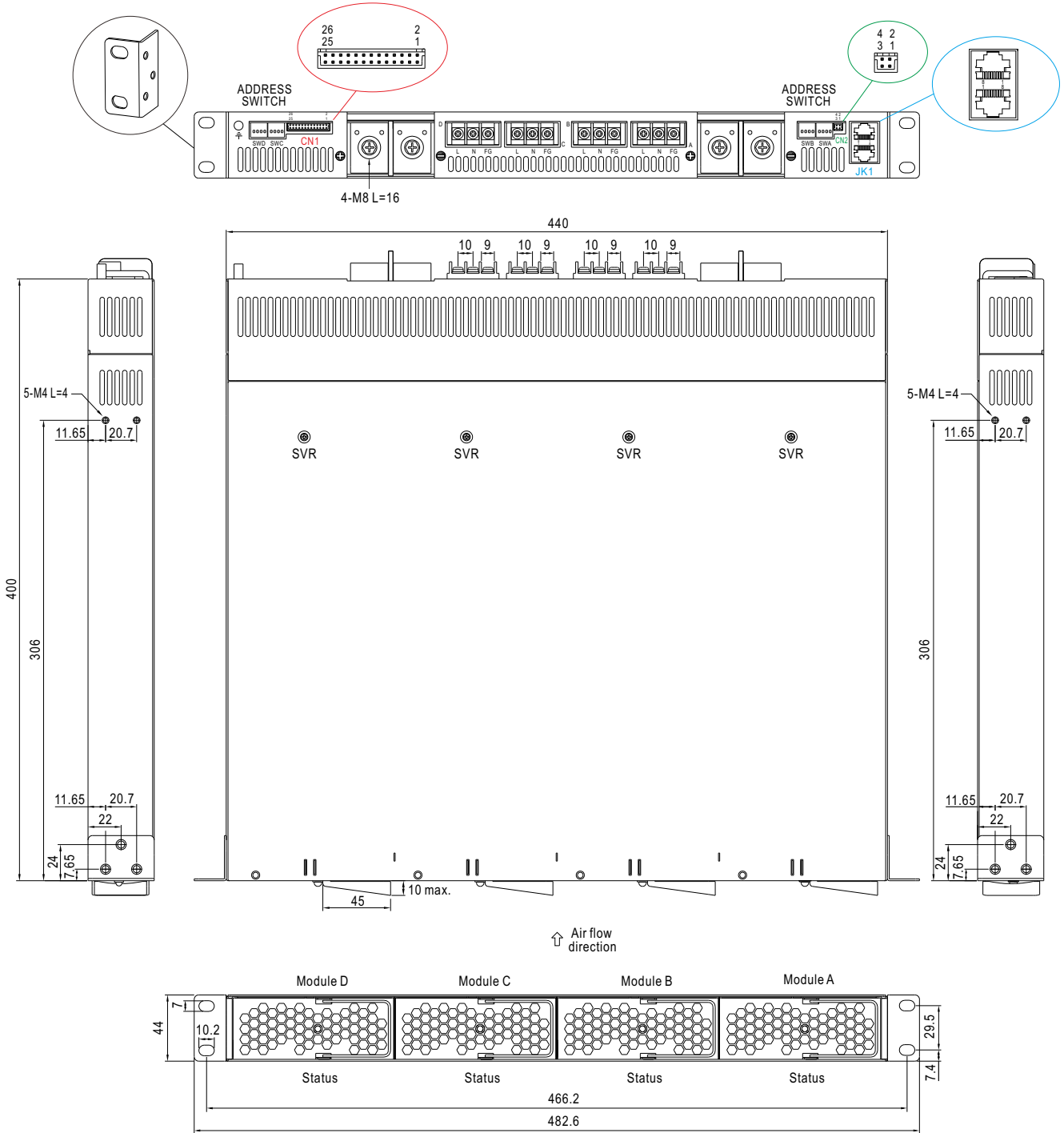


Figure 2-1

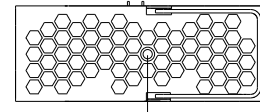
2.2 Mechanism of Whole Rack System



※ LED Status Indicators & Corresponding Signal at Function Pins

For power supply system

| LED | Description |
|------------------|---|
| ● Green | The power supply functions normally |
| ● Red (Flashing) | The LED will flash with red light when internal temperature reaches 60°C; under this condition, the unit still operates normally without entering OTP. (In the meantime, an alarm signal will be sent out through the PMBus /CANBus interface.) |
| ● Red | The LED will present a constant red light when the abnormal status (OTP, OLP, fan fail) arises. |



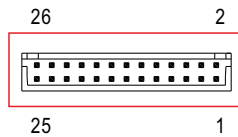
LED Status Indicator

Figure 2-3 DRP/DBR-3200 front panel

For charger system

| LED | Description |
|------------------|---|
| ● Green | Float(stage 3) |
| ● Orange | Charging (stage 1 or stage 2) |
| ● Red (Flashing) | The LED will flash with red light when internal temperature reaches 60°C; under this condition, the unit still operates normally without entering OTP. (In the meantime, an alarm signal will be sent out through the PMBus interface.) |
| ● Red | The LED will present a constant red light when the abnormal status (OTP, OLP, fan fail and charging timeout) arises. |

※ Connector Pin No. Assignment (CN1)

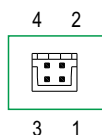


| Pin No. | Function | Description |
|-------------|---------------|--|
| 1,5,9,13 | AC-OK | High (3.5 ~ 5.5V) : When the input voltage is $\geq 87V_{rms}$. Low (-0.5 ~ 0.5V) : When the input voltage is $\leq 75V_{rms}$. The maximum sourcing current is 10mA and only for output. (Note.2) |
| 2,6,10,14 | DC-OK | For power supply system High (3.5 ~ 5.5V) : When the $V_{out} \leq 77\% \pm 5\%$. Low (-0.5 ~ 0.5V) : When $V_{out} \geq 80\% \pm 5\%$. The maximum sourcing current is 10mA and only for output. (Note.2) For charger system High (3.5 ~ 5.5V) : When the $V_{out} \leq 16V/32V \pm 1V$. Low (-0.5 ~ 0.5V) : When $V_{out} \geq 16V/32V \pm 1V$. The maximum sourcing current is 10mA and only for output. (Note.2) DC OK is associated with battery low protection. |
| 3,7,11,15 | Remote ON-OFF | The unit can turn the output ON/OFF by electrical signal or dry contact between Remote ON-OFF and +5V-AUX. (Note.2) Short (4.5 ~ 5.5V) : Power ON ; Open (-0.5 ~ 0.5V) : Power OFF ; The maximum input voltage is 5.5V. |
| 4,8,12,16 | T-ALARM | High (3.5 ~ 5.5V) : When the internal temperature exceeds the limit of temperature alarm, or when fan fails. Low (-0.5 ~ 0.5V) : When the internal temperature is normal, and when fan normally works. The maximum sourcing current is 10mA and only for output(Note.2) |
| 17,18,19,20 | NC | Retain for future use. |
| 21 | +5V-AUX | Auxiliary voltage output, 4.5~5.5V, referenced to GND-AUX (pin 22). The maximum load current is 0.3A. This output has the built-in "Oring diodes" and is not controlled by the remote ON/OFF control. |
| 22 | GND-AUX | Auxiliary voltage output GND. The signal return is isolated from the output terminals (+V & -V). |
| 23 | +12V-AUX | Auxiliary voltage output, 10.8~13.2V, referenced to GND-AUX (pin 22). The maximum load current is 0.8A. This output has the built-in "Oring diodes" and is not controlled by the remote ON/OFF control. |
| 24 | -V(Signal) | Negative output voltage. For local sense use only; It can't be connected directly to the load. |
| 25 | PC | Connection for output current programming. The current can be trimmed within its defined range. (Note.1) |
| 26 | PV | Connection for output voltage programming. The voltage can be trimmed within its defined range. (Note.1) |

Note.1: Non-isolated signal, referenced to [-V(signal)].

Note.2: Isolated signal, referenced to GND-AUX.

※ Connector Pin No. Assignment (CN2)



Note3: Wiring cable of CN2 varies in rack shelf with DRP-3200 or DBR-3200, please follow the discription below to select the correct cable for wiring, DO NOT make it misplaced!

For power supply system

| | | |
|---|------------|---|
| 1 | +S | Positive sensing. The +S signal should be connected to the positive terminal of the load. The +S and -S leads should be twisted in pair to minimize noise pick-up effect. The maximum line drop compensation is 0.5V. |
| 2 | -S | Negative sensing. The -S signal should be connected to the negative terminal of the load. The -S and +S leads should be twisted in pair to minimize noise pick-up effect. The maximum line drop compensation is 0.5V. |
| 3 | +V(Signal) | Positive output voltage. For local sense use only, can't be connected directly to the load. |
| 4 | -V(Signal) | Negative output voltage. For local sense use only, can't be connected directly to the load. |

◎ The RED wiring cable goes with the DRP-3200, used to compensate voltage drop on the load wiring.



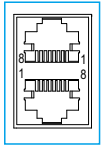
☉ For charger system

| | | |
|-----|------|--|
| 1 | RTH+ | Temperature sense associated with the temperature compensation function. |
| 2 | RTH- | |
| 3,4 | NC | Not use. |

☉ The Black wiring cable goes with the DBR-3200, used for battery temperature compensation.



※ Connector Pin No. Assignment(JK1) : RJ45 8 positions



| Pin No. | Function | Description |
|---------|------------|---|
| 1,2 | DA,DB | Differential digital signal for parallel control. (Note.1) |
| 3 | -V(signal) | Negative output voltage signal. It is for local sense and certain function reference; it cannot be connected directly to the load. |
| 4 | CONTROL | Remote ON-OFF control pin used in the PMBus interface. (Note.2) |
| 5 | NC | Retain for future use. |
| 6 | SDA | For PMBus model: Serial Data used in the PMBus interface. (Note.2) |
| | CANH | For CANBus model: Data line used in CANBus interface. (Note.2) |
| 7 | SCL | For PMBus model: Serial Clock used in the PMBus interface. (Note.2) |
| | CANL | For CANBus model: Data line used in CANBus interface. (Note.2) |
| 8 | GND-AUX | Auxiliary voltage output GND. The signal return is isolated from the output terminals (+V & -V). |

Note.1: Non-isolated signal, referenced to [-V(signal)].

Note.2: Isolated signal, referenced to GND-AUX.

3.Functions

3.1 Input Voltage Range

- ☉ The input voltage rang is AC90~264V or DC127~370V.
- ☉ To insure proper operation, AC input should be within the pre-specified range. A wrong input will cause the supply/charger units operating improperly, losing PFC function or even damaging the units in worst case scenario.
- ☉ The efficiency will be lower and the output current will be automatically limited to a predetermined safe value if the units are applied with a lower input voltage. Please refer to 4.2 Derating for more information.

3.2 Inrush Current Limiting

- ☉ Built-in inrush current limiting circuit.
- ☉ If adding an external switch (relay/circuit break) at the input side is required, choose switches that are able to withstand inrush current of the units.
- ☉ Since the inrush limiting circuit mainly consists of a thermistor and a relay, inrush current will be much higher than the specified value if input thermistor is not allowed sufficient time to cool down. After turning off the supplies/chargers, a 10 second cool down period is recommended before turning them on again.

3.3 Output Power

☉ Front end unit

DRP-3200-24 : 3192W (24V / 133A)

DRP-3200-48 : 3216W (48V / 67A)

DBR-3200-24 : 3168W (28.8V / 110A)

DBR-3200-48 : 3168W (57.6V / 55A)

☉ Whole System

DHP-12K1U□-24 : 12800W (24V / 532A)

DHP-12K1U□-48 : 12800W (48V / 266A)

DHB-12K1U□-24 : 12672W (28.8V / 440A)

DHB-12K1U□-48 : 12672W (57.6V / 220A)

3.4 Power Factor Correction(PFC)

- ☉ Built-in active power factor correction (PFC) function, power factor (PF) will be 0.98 or better when the input voltage is in a range of 90 -230Vac and operated at full load condition. PF will be less than 0.98 if the output is not at full load or the input voltage is higher than 230Vac.

3.5 Output Voltage/Current Adjustment

3.5.1 Adjustment of single unit

Output voltage can be trimmed by adjusting SVR (which can be found under the small circular hole, located on the top of the unit). Please utilize an insulated cross-head screwdriver to make an adjustment.

3.5.2 Voltage adjustment of whole rack system by an external 0-5 Vdc source (Output Voltage Programming)

- (1) Connect output of the external DC source to PV(PIN 26) and -V(PIN 24) on CN1, as shown in Figure3-1.
- (2) Relationship between the output voltage and the external DC source is shown in Figure3-2.
- (3) When increase the output to a higher voltage level, please reduce the load current accordingly. Output wattage of each unit should not exceed the rated value under any circumstances.

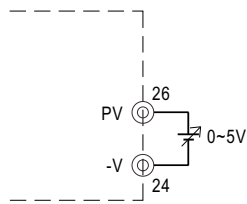


Figure 3-1 Connection of external DC voltage source

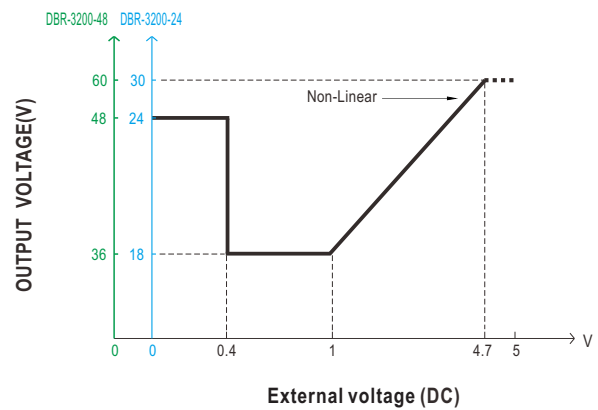
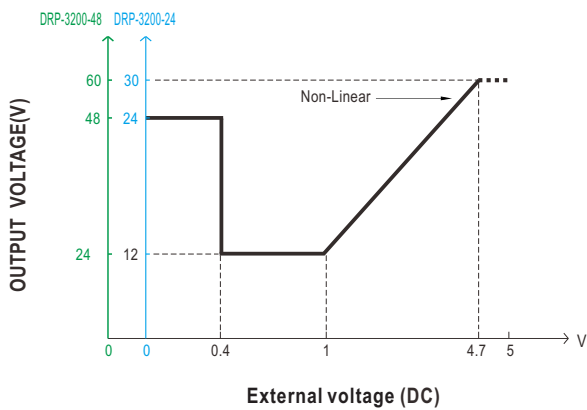
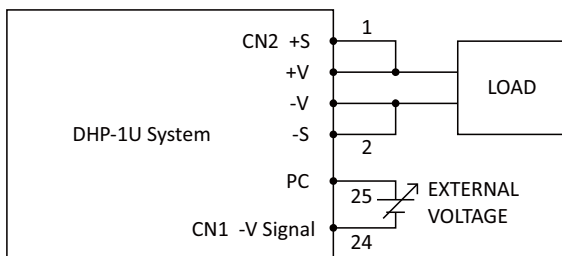


Figure 3-2

3.5.3 Output current adjustment (Output Current Programming)

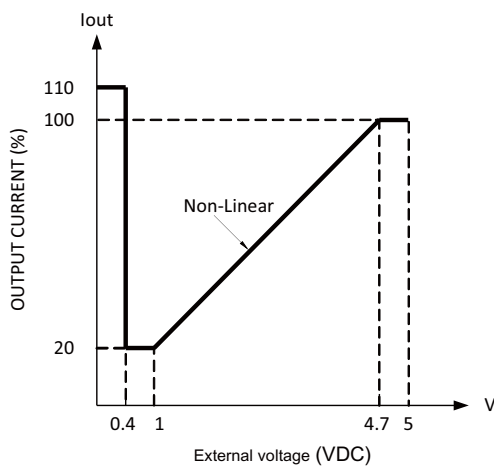
※ Constant current level (DRP-3200)/output current (DBR-3200) can be adjusted within a range of 20-100% of the rated current via an external DC source, the wiring is show as below.



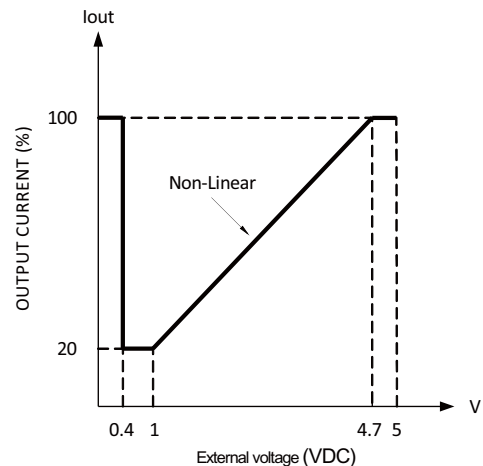
Connection between +S & +V, -S & -V on CN1 is required (DRP-3200system)

Relationship between the output current and the external DC source is shown as below.

© DRP-3200 System



© DBR-3200 System



Note: The DRP-3200 will trigger OLP to shut down itself if the output stays on constant current level condition for more than 5 seconds.

3.6 Fan Speed Control

- ⊙ Built-in fan speed control circuit, fan speed changes automatically depending on internal temperature.

3.7 Short Circuit Protection & Over Current Protection

- ⊙ Only for DRP-3200.
- ⊙ The protection activates when the output is short-circuited or the output current exceeds 110%±5% of the rated output current. Re-power on to recover when the short-circuit/overload condition is removed.

3.8 Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

- ⊙ Built-in over voltage protection circuit for every single units.
- ⊙ OVP triggering points vary in different output models. Please refer to the specification sheet for detailed information.
- ⊙ Once OVP is triggered, leave the units off for 10 seconds before recycling AC again.

3.9 Over Temperature Protection (OTP) and Alarm

- ⊙ Built-in 2 sets of thermal detection circuit, once the internal temperature exceeds a threshold value, the units will shut down automatically (the fans will still be operating to cool down the unit). Please switch off the AC input, remove all possible causes and then leave the units cooling down to a normal working temperature (approximate 10 minutes – 1 hour) before repower on again.
- ⊙ When the internal temperature reaches 60°C, trigger point of a thermal alarm, the red LED on the front panel will flash and there will be an alarm signal sent out through the PMBus/CANBus interface (refer to 3.19). Even so, the units still operate normally.
- ⊙ When the internal temperature is within a normal value, there will be a "LOW" signal (-0.5 -0.5V) sent out through T-ALARM on CN1; there will be a "HIGH" signal (3.5 -5.5V) sent out through T-ALARM on CN1 when internal temperature exceeds a certain value. (referenced to GND-AUX).
- ⊙ Maximum output current: 10mA.

3.10 AC OK signal

- ⊙ Built-in AC input voltage detection circuit.
- ⊙ When AC input voltage $\geq 87V_{rms}$, the output voltage can start working normally and there will be a "HIGH" signal (3.5-5.5V) sent out through AC-OK on CN1. (referenced to GND-AUX).
- ⊙ When AC input voltage $\leq 75V_{rms}$, The output voltage shuts off and the red LED on the front panel will light up. In the mean time, there will be a "LOW" signal (-0.5-0.5V) sent out through AC-OK on CN1. (referenced to GND-AUX).
- ⊙ Maximum output current 10mA.

3.11 DC OK signal

- ⊙ Built-in DC output voltage detection circuit.
- ⊙ When DC output voltage is within a normal value, there is a "LOW" (-0.5-0.5V) signal sent out through DC-OK on CN1. (referenced to GND-AUX).
- ⊙ When DC output voltage is out of normal range, there is a "HIGH" (3.5-5.5V) signal sent out through DC-OK on CN1. (referenced to GND-AUX).
- ⊙ Maximum output current 10mA.

3.12 Fan-lock Protection & Alarm Signals

- ⊙ Built-in fan-lock protection circuit, the output will shut off when the DC fans stop operating (fan-lock or broken wires). In the meantime, there will be a "HIGH" signal sent out through T-ALARM, referenced to GND-AUX. Please remove the unit from your system and send back to our local distributor or MEAN WELL for repair.
- ⊙ Maximum output current 10mA.

3.13 Remote Control

- ⊙ Built-in remote ON/OFF control circuit, refer to Figure 3-3 for control methods of single unit or whole rack system.
- ⊙ Please be aware that "ON/OFF" and "+5V-AUX" on CN1 should be linked together to allow the units operate normally; If kept open, there will be no output voltage.
- ⊙ Maximum input voltage 5.5V.

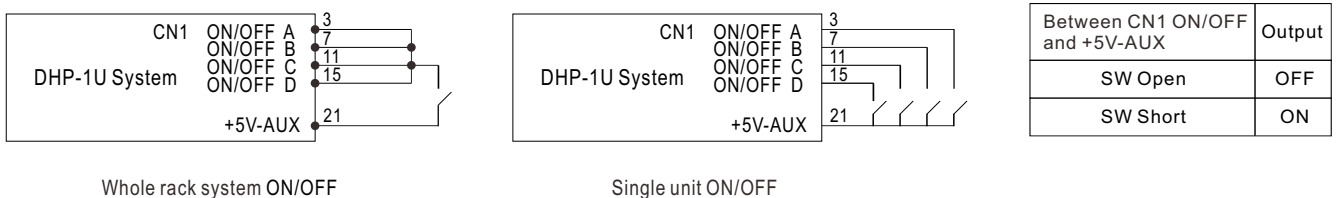


Figure 3-3 Connection of Remote Control

3.14 Remote Sense

- ⊙ Only for DRP-3200.
- ⊙ Built-in remote sense circuit that is able to compensate voltage drop up to 0.5V.
- ⊙ When using this function, the sensing wires should either be twisted or shielded to prevent external noise interference (refer to Figure 3-4).
- ⊙ Voltage drop across the output wires must be limited to less than 0.5V. Also wires with adequate current rating should be used between +V,-V and the loads. Please firmly connect the output wires to prevent them from loosing, or the power supply may be out of order.
- ⊙ The +S and -S have to be connected to the +V(signal) and -V(signal), respectively, as shown in Figure 3-5, which is Local Sense, in order to get the correct output voltage if Remote Sense is not used. Otherwise, the output voltage will increase to a extremely high level which may trigger OVP.

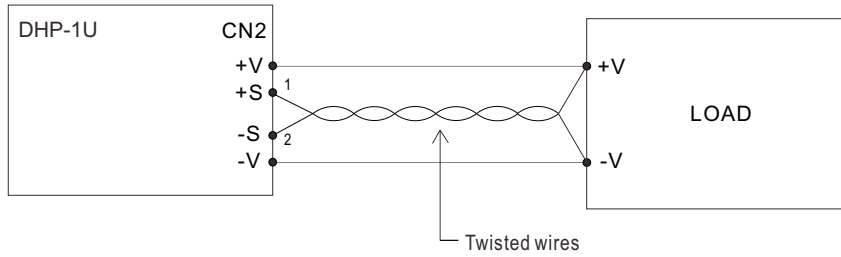


Figure 3-4 Connection of Remote Sense

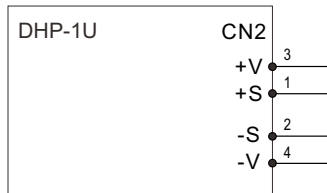


Figure 3-5 Connection of Local Sense

3.15 Hot Swap Operation

- ⊙ Built-in "Oring MOSFET", the units can be installed/removed without turning power off.
- ⊙ Insert units: Grasp the handle and push into the rack shelf through the rail.

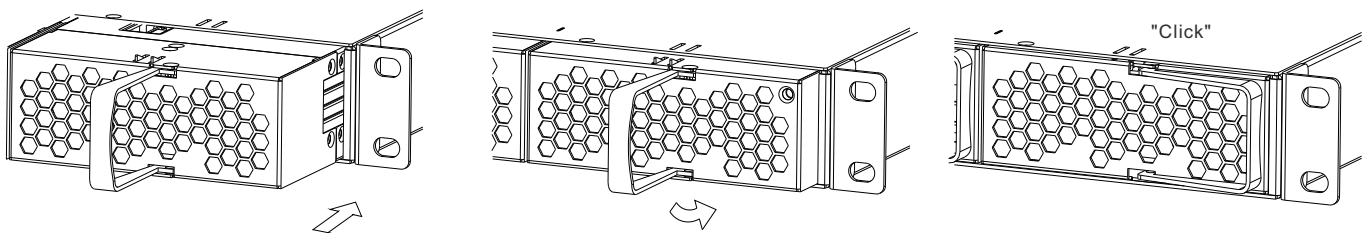


Figure 3-6 Illustration of how to insert the DRP/DBR-3200 into a rack

- ⊙ Pull out units: Press the clip shown in Figure 3-7 and pull it out.

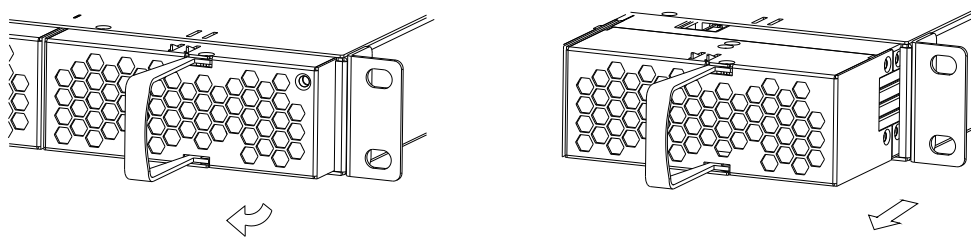


Figure 3-7 Illustration of how to remove the DRP/DBR-3200 from a rack

Caution: Please use adequate force to insert the DRP/DBR-3200 into the rack shelf. Slamming units into the rack can damage the connectors both on the rear of the units and inside the rack.

3.16 Parallel Operation

3.16.1 Operation of Single Rack Shelf

- ⊙ Parallel operation in a single rack shelf is only suitable for the identical units (with the same model and the same output voltage/current).
- ⊙ Each rack shelf (DHP-1U□) has built-in parallel connection/wiring. Once have DRP or DBR units inserted in the rack shelf then these front end unit are operated in parallel.
- ⊙ Please refer to 3.13 & 3.14 for the connection/wiring of other functions.

3.16.2 Operation of two rack shelves in parallel (DRP-3200 system)

- ⊙ Parallel operation is only suitable for the identical units (with the same model and the same output voltage/current). Up to 2 rack shelves and the maximum supply units that can be connected in parallel is 8.
- ⊙ Because of component tolerance, there is a possibility that some of the units connected in parallel will reach an overcurrent limiting then overloading the other units when operating at full load condition. It is suggested that reduce the total output current by 10%.
For example: DRP-3200-24x8 connected in parallel (in 2 rack shelves), the total output current should be reduced to $133A \times 8 \text{ unit} \times 0.9 = 957.6A$.
- ⊙ Difference of output voltage among parallel units should be less than 0.2V.
- ⊙ Configure rack shelf units in parallel before connecting to the load. Do not connect rack shelf units to the load separately. Refer to Figure 3-8
- ⊙ Control singles of DA, DB and -V should also be connected in parallel. (Refer to Figure 3.8).
- ⊙ Use twisted wires for the wiring of +S and -S, the twisted wires should not touch the load wires to avoid interference. Refer to Figure 3-8.
- ⊙ A too long cable length might be with a higher amount of noise that affects rack units' proper operation in parallel. To reduce the noise, installing termination resistors, an accessory, to the unused JK1 is recommended.

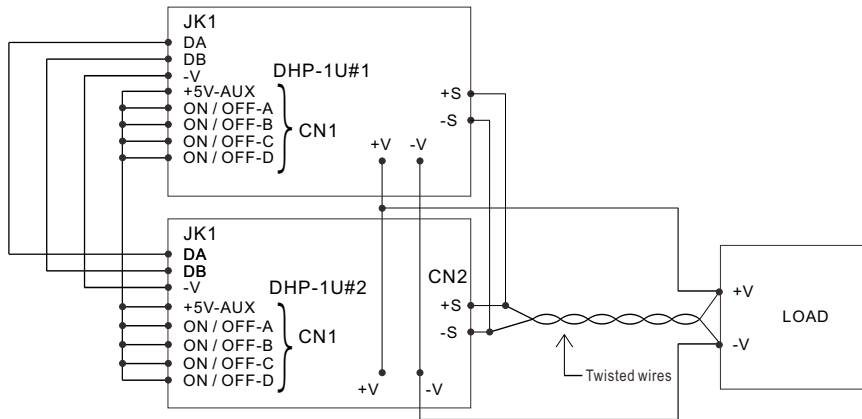


Figure 3-8 Configuration of two rack shelf units in parallel

- ⊙ Under operation of more than one rack shelf in parallel, value of Ripple & Noise may be larger than that stated in the specification at light load or no load condition. It will return to normal level once the loads draw more current than 10% of the total rating.

3.17 Series Operation

- ⊙ Higher output voltage can be acquired by connecting rack shelves in series.
- ⊙ The rack shelves (DHP-1U□) connected in series should have the identical units. Please refer to Figure3-9 for wiring configuration.
- ⊙ Total output current should not exceed currents that can be produced in each rack shelf.
- ⊙ Difference of rise time in each unit may lead to steps/stairs like turn on.
- ⊙ The total rating of output voltage in series should be less than 60Vdc [the requirement of SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) of IEC62368-1].
- ⊙ It is suggested that add external diodes (*) on the output, shown in Figure 3-9, to prevent reverse voltage. Rating of these diodes should be higher than the total amount of output voltage and current.

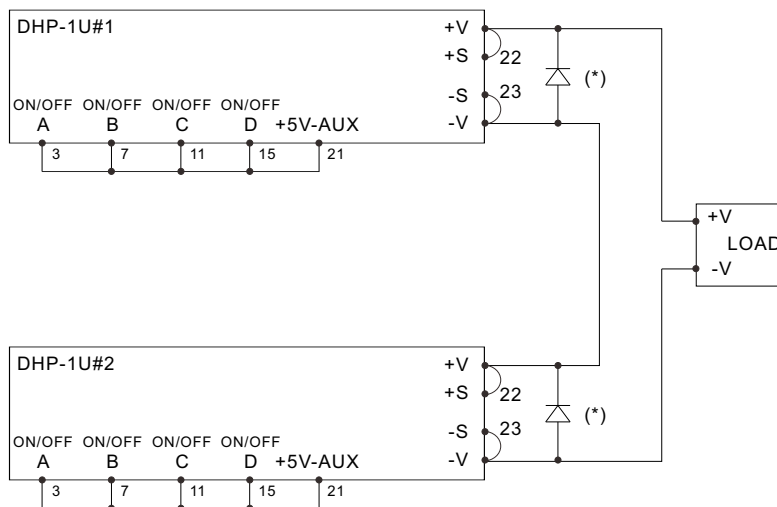


Figure 3-9 Configuration of rack shelf units in series

3.18 Auxiliary Output

- ⊙ Built-in 5V/0.3A and 12V/0.8A auxiliary output.

4. Communication Protocol

Users can use three different methods to control outputs of DRP-3200 and DBR-3200. The control priority between the methods is as follows: Communication (PMBus or CAN bus) > PV/PC > SVR. These three control methods can be used interchangeably. When using communication control, it is essential to communicate with the device within 4 seconds. Otherwise, the program will reset the control priority and set the communication parameters back to the factory default values(NOTE 1). However, the following condition will bypass this control logic: setting DBR-3200 to charger mode. In charger mode, PV/PC and SVR controls will become inactive and charging-related settings can only be changed via communication.

NOTE:1. When D0 is set at "1" and communication function is used, some of the parameters will return to the factory default values if any of the conditions happens, AC recycling and communication timeout. Take DBR-3200 as an example, command OPERATION becomes ON, Vo and Io change to 24V and 110A.

- In charger mode, Remote ON/OFF or OPERATION ON/OFF can be used to activate new curve procedures and import parameters and settings for a new curve profile. Additionally, it can also release protections caused by CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT, CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT, or CURVE_TP_TIMEOUT due to timeouts.

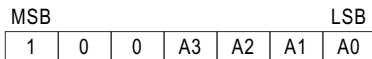
4.1 PMBus Communication Interface

4.1.1 DRP-3200 PMBus Communication Interface

- ⊙ DRP-3200 is compliant with PMBus Rev.1.1, the maximum communication speed is 100KHz and it has the capability of identifying up to 16 addressed units.
- ⊙ PMBus communication interface is able to provide the current operating status and information as follows:
 - Output voltage, current and internal temperature.
 - Alarm and status.
 - Manufacturers and model data.

4.1.1.1 DRP-3200 PMBus Addressing

- ⊙ Each DRP-3200 unit should have their unique and own device address to communicate over the PMBus. 7-bit address setting pins are used to assign a device address for a DRP-3200 unit, as shown in the description below.



- ⊙ A0-A3 allow users to designate the address for each DRP-3200 unit; these four bits are defined through a 4-pole DIP switch on the rear panel of the rack shelf. There are up to 16 different addresses are available to be assigned. When DIP switch in the "ON" position means logic "0"; when it is in the "OFF" position, meaning logic "1", for example, position 3 in "OFF", the corresponding bit, A2, is set to logic "1". Please refer to Table 4-1 for the detailed setup advice.



| Module No. | Device address/ID | | | |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|----|
| | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 |
| | DIP switch position | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 0 | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 1 | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 2 | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 5 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 6 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 7 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |

| Module No. | Device address/ID | | | |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 |
| | DIP switch position | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 8 | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 9 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| 10 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 11 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 12 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 13 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 14 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 15 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |

Table 4-1

4.1.1.2 PMBus Command List

© The command list of the DRP-3200 is shown in Table 4-2. It is compliant with the standard protocol of PMBus Rev. 1.1. For more detailed information, please refer to PMBus official website (<http://pmbus.org/specs.html>).

| Command Code | Command Name | Transaction Type | # of data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| 01h | OPERATION | R/W Byte | 1 | Remote ON/OFF control |
| 02h | ON_OFF_CONFIG | Read Byte | 1 | ON/OFF function configuration |
| 19h | CAPABILITY | Read Byte | 1 | Capabilities of a PMBus device |
| 20h | VOUT_MODE | R Byte | 1 | Define data format for output voltage (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 21h | VOUT_COMMAND | R Word | 2 | Output voltage setting value (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 22h | VOUT_TRIM | R/W Word | 2 | Output voltage trimmed value (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 46h | IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT | R/W Word | 2 | Output overcurrent setting value (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| 47h | IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE | R Byte | 1 | Define protection and response when an output overcurrent fault occurred |
| 79h | STATUS_WORD | R Word | 2 | Summary status reporting |
| 7Ah | STATUS_VOUT | R Byte | 1 | Output voltage status reporting |
| 7Bh | STATUS_IOUT | R Byte | 1 | Output current status reporting |
| 7Ch | STATUS_INPUT | R Byte | 1 | AC input voltage status reporting |
| 7Dh | STATUS_TEMPERATURE | R Byte | 1 | Temperature status reporting |
| 7Eh | STATUS_CML | R Byte | 1 | Communication, logic, Memory status reporting |
| 80h | STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC | R Byte | 1 | Manufacture specific status reporting |
| 81h | STATUS_FANS_1_2 | R Byte | 1 | Fan1 and 2 status reporting |
| 88h | READ_VIN | R Word | 2 | AC input voltage reading value (format: Linear 11, N=-1) |
| 8Bh | READ_VOUT | R Word | 2 | Output voltage reading value (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 8Ch | READ_IOUT | R Word | 2 | Output current reading value (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| 8Dh | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | R Word | 2 | Temperature 1 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= -3) |
| 90h | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | R Word | 2 | Fan speed 1 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= 5) |
| 91h | READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | R Word | 2 | Fan speed 2 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= 5) |
| 98h | PMBUS_REVISION | R Byte | 1 | The compliant revision of the PMBus (default: 11h for Rev. 1.1) |
| 99h | MFR_ID | Block Read | 12 | Manufacturer's name |
| 9Ah | MFR_MODEL | Block Read | 12 | Manufacturer's model name |
| 9Bh | MFR_REVISION | Block Read | 6 | Firmware revision |
| 9Ch | MFR_LOCATION | Block R/W | 3 | Manufacturer's factory location |
| 9Dh | MFR_DATE | Block R/W | 6 | Manufacture date. (format: YYMMDD) |
| 9Eh | MFR_SERIAL | Block R/W | 12 | Product serial number |

Table 4-2

4.1.1.3 PMBusData Range and Tolerance

◎ Display parameters

| PMBus command | Model | Range | Tolerance |
|------------------------|-------|--------------|-----------|
| READ_VIN | ALL | 80 ~ 264V | ±10V |
| READ_VOUT | 24V | 0 ~ 30V | ±0.36V |
| | 48V | 0 ~ 60V | ±0.48V |
| READ_IOUT (Note. 1) | 24V | 0 ~ 160A | ±5.32A |
| | 48V | 0 ~ 80A | ±2.68A |
| READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | ALL | -40 ~ 100°C | ±5°C |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | ALL | 0 ~ 25000RPM | ±2000RPM |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | ALL | 0 ~ 25000RPM | ±2000RPM |

Table 4-3

◎ Control parameters

| PMBus command | Model | Adjustable range | Tolerance | Default |
|---------------------------|-------|--------------------|-----------|---------|
| OPERATION | ALL | 00h(OFF) / 80h(ON) | N/A | 80h(ON) |
| VOUT_COMMAND (Note. 2) | 24V | 24V | N/A | 24V |
| | 48V | 48V | N/A | 48V |
| VOUT_TRIM (Note. 2) | 24V | -12 ~ 6V | ±0.36V | 0V |
| | 48V | -24 ~ 12V | ±0.48V | 0V |
| IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT | 24V | 26.75 ~ 146.25A | ±5.32A | 146.25A |
| | 48V | 13.5 ~ 73.5A | ±2.68A | 73.5A |

Table 4-4

Note:

1. READ_IOUT will display ZERO amp when output current is less than values in the table below.

| Model | Minimum readable current |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 24V | 5.3A±1A |
| 48V | 2.7A±1A |

Table 4-5

2. When using PMBus to adjust output voltage, VOUT_COMMAND only can be used to display the rated voltage of the unit and cannot be written. It is VOUT_TRIM that sets the amount of trimmed voltage. Taking DRP-3200-24 as an example, to get a 12V output, please set value of VOUT_TRIM to -12V. Adjustable voltage range for each model is shown as below.

| Model | Adjustable voltage |
|-------|--------------------|
| 24V | 12 ~ 30V |
| 48V | 24 ~ 60V |

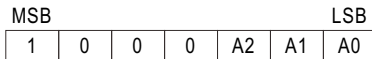
Table 4-6

4.1.2 DBR-3200 PMBus Communication Interface

- ◎ DBR-3200 is compliant with PMBus Rev.1.1, the maximum communication speed is 100KHz and it has the capability of identifying up to 8 addressed units.
- ◎ PMBus communication interface is able to provide the current operating status and data as the following:
 1. Output voltage, current and internal temperature.
 2. Alarm and status.
 3. Manufacturers and model data.
 4. Read/write of charge curve settings.

4.1.2.1 PMBus Device Addressing and Charge Mode Selection

Each DBR-3200 unit should have their unique and own device address to communicate over the PMBus. 7-bit address setting pins are used to assign a device address for a DBR-3200 unit, as shown in the below description.



A0-A2 allow users to designate the address for each DBR-3200 unit; these three bits are defined through a 4-pole DIP switch on the rear panel of the rack shelf. There are up to 8 different addresses are available to be assigned. Please refer to Table 4-7(left) for the detailed setup advice.



* The charging operation can be determined by the setup over D0, position 4 on the DIP switch. When D0 is "ON", DBR-3200 follows a built charging curve to charge the batteries; when D0 is "OFF", the charging operation is completely defined by the control over PMBus, PV/PC or SVR. Please refer to Table 4-7(right).

| Module No. | Device address/ID | | |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|
| | A0 | A1 | A2 |
| | DIP switch position | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 0 | ON | ON | ON |
| 1 | OFF | ON | ON |
| 2 | ON | OFF | ON |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF |
| 5 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 6 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 7 | OFF | OFF | OFF |

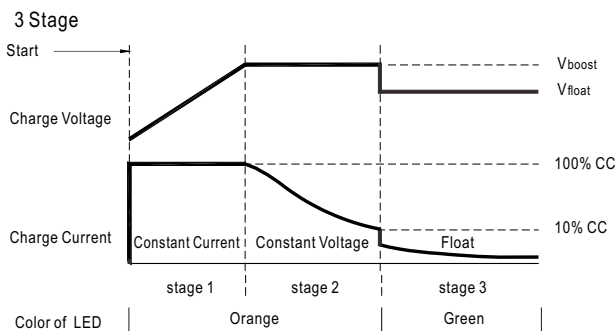
| D0 | Function describe |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| DIP switch position 4 | |
| ON | Charging curve |
| OFF | PMBus or PV/PC or SVR control |

Table 4-7

4.1.2.2 Charge Curve

When it is opted for charging curve, D0 set to ON, charging curve function is enabled with additional PMBus commands. There are 4 built-in charging curves, "default" curve, one pre-defined curve for "gel battery", one pre-defined curve for "flooded battery" and one pre-defined curve for "AGM battery". Each curve can be selected by Command B4h CURVE_CONFIG. Please refer to Table 4-8. In addition, users are able to customize their own charge curves, which will be stored to "default" after modification. Vboost can be set by Command B1h CURVE_VBST ; Vfloat can be set by Command B2h CURVE_VFLOAT ; Charge current level of stage1 can be set by Command B0h CURVE_ICHG; Taper current level from stage2 to stage3 can be set by Command B3h CURVE_ITAPER. Please refer to the following PMBus Command List in 4.1.2.3 for detailed information on commands and parameters.

☉ Default 3 stage charging curve



☉ Embedded 3 stage charging curve

| MODEL | Description | Vboost | Vfloat | CC (default) |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------------|
| 24V | Default, programmable | 28.8 | 27.6 | 110A |
| | Pre-defined gel battery | 28 | 27.2 | |
| | Pre-defined flooded battery | 28.4 | 26.8 | |
| | Pre-defined AGM battery | 29 | 27 | |
| 48V | Default, programmable | 57.6 | 55.2 | 55A |
| | Pre-defined gel battery | 56 | 54.4 | |
| | Pre-defined flooded battery | 56.8 | 53.6 | |
| | Pre-defined AGM battery | 58 | 54 | |

Table 4-8

☉ Suitable for lead-acid batteries (flooded, Gel and AGM) and Li-ion batteries (lithium iron and lithium manganese).

Figure 4-1

- NOTE: 1.The updated charging parameters is saved into EEPROM. The updated charging curve takes effect after DBR-3200 is restarted, remote on/off, or operation on/off.
- 2.When charging curve is enabled, the following commands will be invalid while other PMBus commands are effective, Command 22h VOUT_TRIM (regarding Output voltage programming function) and Command 46h IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (regarding Output current programming function).

4.1.2.3 PMBus Command List

© The command list of the DBR-3200 is shown in Table 4-9. It is compliant with the standard protocol of PMBus Rev. 1.1. For more detailed information, please refer to PMBus official website (<http://pmbus.org/specs.html>).

Table 4-9

| Command Code | Command Name | Transaction Type | # of data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| 01h | OPERATION | R/W Byte | 1 | Remote ON/OFF control |
| 02h | ON_OFF_CONFIG | Read Byte | 1 | ON/OFF function configuration |
| 19h | CAPABILITY | Read Byte | 1 | Capabilities of a PMBus device |
| 20h | VOUT_MODE | R Byte | 1 | Define data format for output voltage (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 21h | VOUT_COMMAND | R Word | 2 | Output voltage setting value (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 22h | VOUT_TRIM | R/W Word | 2 | Output voltage trimmed value |
| 46h | IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT | R/W Word | 2 | Output overcurrent setting value (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| 47h | IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE | R Byte | 1 | Define protection and response when an output overcurrent fault occurred |
| 79h | STATUS_WORD | R Word | 2 | Summary status reporting |
| 7Ah | STATUS_VOUT | R Byte | 1 | Output voltage status reporting |
| 7Bh | STATUS_IOUT | R Byte | 1 | Output current status reporting |
| 7Ch | STATUS_INPUT | R Byte | 1 | AC input voltage status reporting |
| 7Dh | STATUS_TEMPERATURE | R Byte | 1 | Temperature status reporting |
| 7Eh | STATUS_CML | R Byte | 1 | Communication, logic, Memory status reporting |
| 80h | STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC | R Byte | 1 | Manufacture specific status reporting |
| 81h | STATUS_FANS_1_2 | R Byte | 1 | Fan1 and 2 status reporting |
| 88h | READ_VIN | R Word | 2 | AC input voltage reading value (format: Linear 11, N=-1) |
| 8Bh | READ_VOUT | R Word | 2 | Output voltage reading value (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| 8Ch | READ_IOUT | R Word | 2 | Output current reading value (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| 8Dh | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | R Word | 2 | Temperature 1 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= -3) |
| 90h | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | R Word | 2 | Fan speed 1 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= 5) |
| 91h | READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | R Word | 2 | Fan speed 2 reading value (format: Linear 11, N= 5) |
| 98h | PMBUS_REVISION | R Byte | 1 | The compliant revision of the PMBus (default: 11h for Rev. 1.1) |
| 99h | MFR_ID | Block Read | 12 | Manufacturer's name |
| 9Ah | MFR_MODEL | Block Read | 12 | Manufacturer's model name |
| 9Bh | MFR_REVISION | Block Read | 6 | Firmware revision |
| 9Ch | MFR_LOCATION | Block R/W | 3 | Manufacturer's factory location |
| 9Dh | MFR_DATE | Block R/W | 6 | Manufacture date. (format: YYMMDD) |
| 9Eh | MFR_SERIAL | Block R/W | 12 | Product serial number |

Valid when charging according to charge curve (D0=ON)

| Command Code | Command Name | Transaction Type | # of data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|
| B0h | CURVE_ICHG | R/W Word | 2 | Constant current setting value of charging curve (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| B1h | CURVE_VBST | R/W Word | 2 | Constant voltage setting value of charging curve (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| B2h | CURVE_VFLOAT | R/W Word | 2 | Constant voltage setting value of charging curve (format: Linear 16, N= -9) |
| B3h | CURVE_ITAPER | R/W Word | 2 | Taper current setting value of charging curve (format: Linear 11, N= -2) |
| B4h | CURVE_CONFIG | R/W Word | 2 | Configuration setting of charging curve |
| B5h | CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT | R/W Word | 2 | CC stage timeout setting value of charging curve (format: Linear, N= 0) |
| B6h | CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT | R/W Word | 2 | CV stage timeout setting value of charging curve (format: Linear, N= 0) |
| B7h | CURVE_FLOAT_TIMEOUT | R/W Word | 2 | Floating timeout setting value of charging curve (format: Linear, N= 0) |
| B8h | CHG_STATUS | READ Word | 2 | Charger's status reporting |

Note :

⊙ Definition of Command B4h CURVE_CONFIG :

| | Bit7 | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| High byte | - | - | - | - | - | FVTOE | CVTOE | CCTOE |
| Low byte | - | STGS | - | - | TCS | | CUVS | |

Low byte

Bit 1-0 CUVS : Charge Curve Selecting

00= Customized Charge Curve (default)

01= Gel Battery

10= Flooded Battery

11= AGM Battery

Bit 3-2 TCS : Temperature Compensation Setting

00= disable

01= -3 mV/°C/cell (default)

10= -4 mV/°C/cell

11= -5 mV/°C/cell

Bit 6 STGS : 2/3 Stage Charge Setting

0= 3 stage charge (default, CURVE_VBST and CURVE_V FLOAT)

1= 2 stage charge (only CURVE_VBST)

High byte

Bit 0 CCTOE : Constant Current Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0= disabled (default)

1= enabled

Bit 1 CVTOE : Constant Voltage Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0= disabled (default)

1= enabled

Bit 2 FTTOE : Float Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0= disabled (default)

1= enabled

© Definition of Command B8h CHG_STATUS :

| | Bit7 | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|
| High byte | FVTOF | CVTOF | CCTOF | - | BTNC | NTCER | - | EEPER |
| Low byte | - | - | - | - | FVM | CVM | CCM | FULLM |

Low byte

Bit 0 FULLM : Fully Charged Mode Status

0=NOT fully charged

1=fully charged

Bit 1 CCM : Constant Current Mode Status

0=the charger NOT in constant current mode

1=the charger in constant current mode

Bit 2 CVM : Constant Voltage Mode Status

0=the charger NOT in constant voltage mode

1=the charger in constant voltage mode

Bit 3 FVM : Float Mode Status

0=the charger NOT in float mode

1=the charger in float mode

High byte

Bit 0 EEPER: EEPROM Charge Parameter Error

0=charge parameter correct

1=charge parameter error

Bit 2 NTCER: Temperature Compensation Status

0=NO short-circuit in the circuitry of temperature compensation

1=the circuitry of temperature compensation has short-circuited

Bit 3 BTNC: Battery Detection

0=battery detected

1=NO battery detected

Bit 5 CCTOF : Time Out Flag Of Constant Current Mode

0=NO time out in constant current mode

1=constant current mode timed out

Bit 6 CVTOF : Time Out Flag Of Constant Voltage Mode

0=NO time out in constant voltage mode

1=constant voltage mode timed out

Bit 7 FTTOF : Time Out Flag Of Float Mode

0=NO time out in float mode

1=float mode timed out

Note:

EEPER : When EEPROM Charge Parameter Error occurs, the charger stops charging the battery and the LED indicator turns red. The charger needs to re-power on to re-start charging the battery.

NTCER : When Temperature Compensation Short occurs, the charger output will shut down and the LED indicator will turn red. The charger will automatically restart after the Temperature Compensation Short condition is removed.

BTNC : When there is no battery detected, the charger stops charging the battery and the LED indicator turns red. The charger needs to re-power on to re-start charging the battery.

CCTOF : When timeout arises in the Constant Current stage, the charger stops charging the battery and the LED indicator turns red. The charger needs to re-power on to re-start charging the battery.

CVTOF : When timeout arises in the Constant Voltage stage, the charger stops charging the battery and the LED indicator turns red. The charger needs to re-power on to re-start charging the battery.

FVTOF : When timeout arises in the Float stage, the charger stops charging the battery and the LED indicator turns green. This charging flow is finished; the charger needs to remote off/on again or re-power on to start charging a different battery.

4.1.2.4 PMBus Data Range and Tolerance

◎ Display parameters

| PMBus command | Mode | Range | Tolerance |
|------------------------|------|--------------|-----------|
| READ_VIN | ALL | 80 ~ 264V | ±10V |
| READ_VOUT | 24V | 0 ~ 30V | ±0.36V |
| | 48V | 0 ~ 60V | ±0.48V |
| READ_IOUT (Note. 1) | 24V | 0 ~ 160A | ±5.32A |
| | 48V | 0 ~ 80A | ±2.68A |
| READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | ALL | -40 ~ 100°C | ±5°C |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | ALL | 0 ~ 25000RPM | ±2000RPM |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | ALL | 0 ~ 25000RPM | ±2000RPM |

Tabel 4-10

◎ Control parameter

| PMBus command | Model | Adjustable range | Tolerance | Default |
|---|-------|--------------------|-----------|------------|
| OPERATION | ALL | 00h(OFF) / 80h(ON) | N/A | 80h(ON) |
| VOUT_COMMAND (Note. 2) | 24V | 24V | N/A | 24V |
| | 48V | 48V | N/A | 48V |
| VOUT_TRIM (Note. 2) | 24V | -6 ~ 6V | ±0.36V | 0V |
| | 48V | -12 ~ 12V | ±0.48V | 0V |
| CURVE_CV (Note. 3) | 24V | 18 ~ 30V | ±0.36V | 28.8V |
| | 48V | 36 ~ 60V | ±0.48V | 57.6V |
| CURVE_FV (Note. 3) | 24V | 18 ~ VBST | ±0.36V | 27.6V |
| | 48V | 36 ~ VBST | ±0.48V | 55.2V |
| IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT CURVE_CC | 24V | 22 ~ 110A | ±5.32A | 110A |
| | 48V | 11 ~ 55A | ±2.68A | 55A |
| CURVE_TC | 24V | 5.5A ~ 33A | ±5.32A | 11A |
| | 48V | 3A ~ 16.5A | ±2.68A | 5.5A |
| CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT CURVE_FLOAT_TIMEOUT | ALL | 60 ~ 64800 Minute | ±5 Minute | 600 Minute |

Tabel 4-11

Note:

1. READ_IOUT will display ZERO amp when output current is less than values in the table below.

| Model | Minimum readable current |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 24V | 5.3A±1A |
| 48V | 2.7A±1A |

Tabel 4-12

2. When using PMBus to adjust output voltage, VOUT_COMMAND only can be used to display the rated voltage of the unit and cannot be written. It is VOUT_TRIM that provides voltage trimming function. Taking DRP-3200-24 as an example, to get a 18V output, please set value of VOUT_TRIM to -6V. Adjustable voltage range for each model is shown as below.

| Model | Adjustable voltage range |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 24V | 18 ~ 30V |
| 48V | 36 ~ 60V |

Tabel 4-13

3. The value of CURVE_VFLOAT should be set less or equal to CURVE_VBST, if CURVE_VFLOAT is greater than CURVE_VBST, it will be saved as CURVE_VFLOAT = CURVE_VBST in EEPROM.

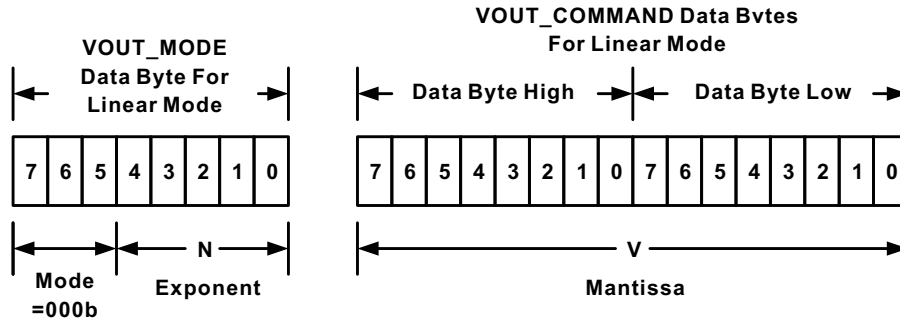
4.1.3 Notes on PMBus

1. Insert a at least 50msec delay between commands

2. Examples for Format Conversion :

(1) LINEAR16 format : VOUT_COMMAND 、 VOUT_TRIM 、 READ_VOUT 、 CURVE_CV 、 CURVE_FV ◦

Actual voltage = communication reading $V \times 2^N$. There are two definitions in the VOUT_MODE command that refer to N requirements.



Linear Format Data Bytes

The Mode bits are set to 000b.

The Voltage, in volts, is calculated from the equation:

$$\text{Voltage} = V \cdot 2^N$$

Where:

Voltage is the parameter of interest in volts;

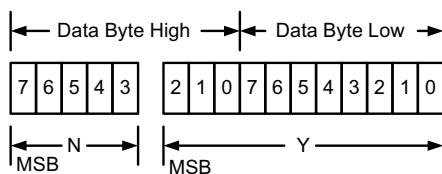
V is a 16 bit unsigned binary integer; and

N is a 5 bit two's complement binary integer.

EX: V_{o_real} (actual output voltage) = $V \times 2^N$, V is from READ_VOUT. N if VOUT_MODE = 0x17, meaning N is -9. READ_VOUT is 0x3000 12288, then $V_{o_real} = 12288 \times 2^{-9} = 24.0V$.

(2) LINEAR11 format : IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT 、 READ_VIN 、 READ_IIN 、 READ_IOUT 、 READ_TEMPERATURE_1 、 READ_FAN_SPEED_1 、 READ_FAN_SPEED_2 、 CURVE_CC 、 CURVE_TC 、 CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT 、 CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT 、 CURVE_FV_TIMEOUT ◦

Actual value X = communication read value $Y \times 2^N$. Among them, the definition of the description column for each aircraft type is referred to.



Linear Data Format Data Bytes Y, N and the "real world" value is:

The relation between

$$X = Y \cdot 2^N$$

Where, as described above:

X is the "real world" value;

Y is an 11 bit, two's complement integer; and

N is a 5 bit, two's complement integer.

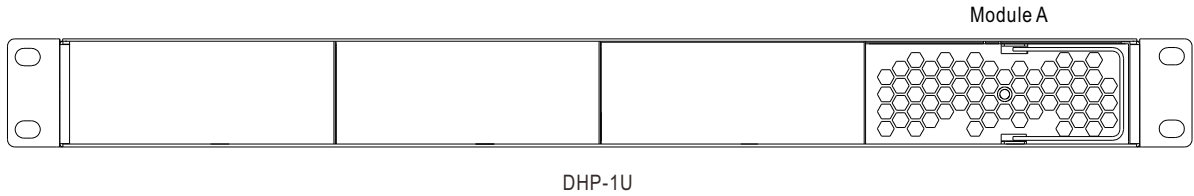
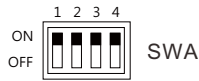
Devices that use the Linear format must accept and be able to process any value of N.

EX: I_{o_real} (actual output current) = $Y \times 2^N$, Y is from READ_IOUT. N if READ_IOUT is 0xF188h, meaning N is -2 and Y is 0x0188. Y is 0x0188 → 392, then $I_{o_real} = 392 \times 2^{-2} = 98.0A$.

4.1.4 Communication Example - Practical Operation of Charger Mode

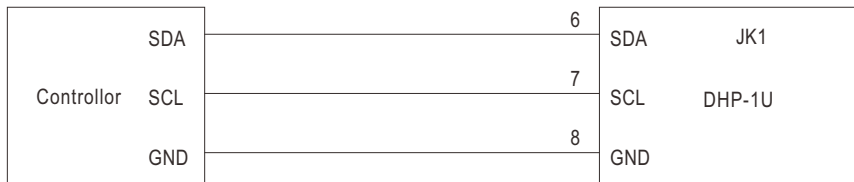
The following steps will describe how to set the DBR-3200-48 to charger mode and adjust its curve for a 2-stage charging process, with a constant current (CC) of 30A and a constant voltage (CV) of 56V.

1. Set the address of the rack supply to "0", by installing the rack supply in the far right slot or Module A and then setting the SWA DIP switch to ON/ON/ON/ON positions.



2. Connect the SDA, SCL and GND pins of the master to the corresponding SDA (PIN6), SCL (PIN7) and GND-AUX (PIN8) pins of the JK1 connector on the rack shelf.

Ⓒ Set speed: 100KHz



3. Configure communication settings after power on in remote off mode. Set the charger to 2-stage charging mode.

| Address(7 bit) | Operation | Command Code | Data |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 0x40 | Write | 0xB4 | 0x44, 0x00 |

Command code: 0xB4(CURVE_CONFIG)

Data: 44(Lo) + 00(Hi) ◦ Please refer to definition of CURVE_CONFIG for detailed information.

4. Set the constant current (CC) point to 30A.

| Address(7 bit) | Operation | Command Code | Data |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 0x40 | Write | 0xB0 | 0x78, 0xF0 |

Command code: 0x00B0(CHURVE_ICHG)

Data: 30A → 0x78(Lo) + 0xF0(Hi)

NOTE: CURVE_ICHG is LINEAR11 format

5. Set the constant voltage (CV) point to 56V.

| Address(7 bit) | Operation | Command Code | Data |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| 0x40 | Write | 0xB1 | 0x00, 0x70 |

Command code: 0x00B1(CHURVE_VBST)

Data: 56V → 0x00(Lo) + 0x70(Hi)

NOTE: CHURVE_VBST is LINEAR16 format

6. Before connecting to the batteries, it is recommended to review all of the settings and parameters using the appropriate commands. In the event that they do not meet your requirements, you may rewrite them as needed.

EX: Read CHURVE_VBST to check whether CV level or Vboost was set to a proper level.

Read CURVE_VBST

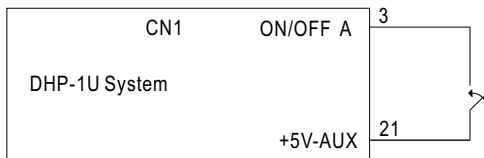
| Address(7 bit) | Operation | Command Code |
|----------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0x40 | Read | 0xB1 |

The unit returns data below

| Address(7 bit) | Data |
|----------------|------------|
| 0x40 | 0x00, 0x70 |

Data: 0x00(Lo) + 0x70(Hi) → 0x7000 → $28672 \times 2^{-9} = 56V$.

7. Finally, short circuit ON-OFF (PIN3) and +5-AUX (PIN21) pins of the CN1 connector on the rack shelf to remote on the supply to charge the batteries.



4.2 CANBus Communication Interface

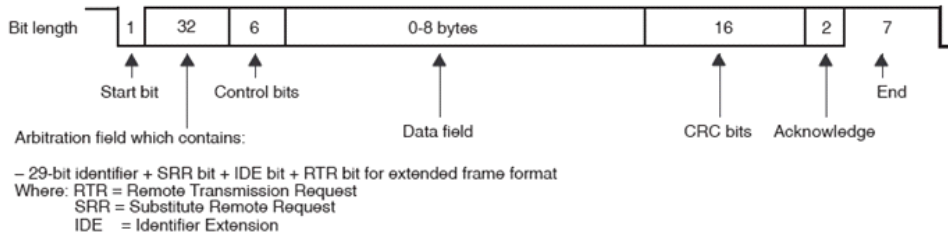
4.2.1 DRP/DBR-3200 CANBus Communication Interface

Physical layer specification

This protocol follows CAN ISO-11898 with Baud rate of 250Kbps.

Data Frame

This protocol uses Extended CAN 29-bit identifier frame format or CAN 2.0B.

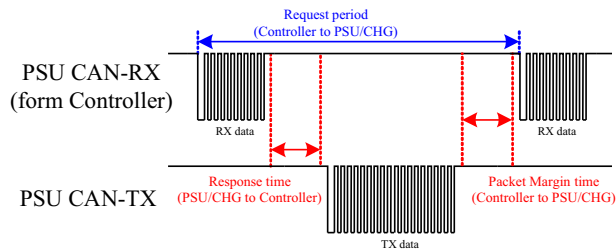


Communication Timing

Min. request period (Controller to DRP/DBR-3200): 50mSec.

Max. response time (DRP/DBR-3200 to Controller): 12.5mSec.

Min. packet margin time (Controller to DRP/DBR-3200): 12.5mSec.



©Data Field Format

Controller to DRP/DBR-3200

Write:

Data filed bytes



Read:

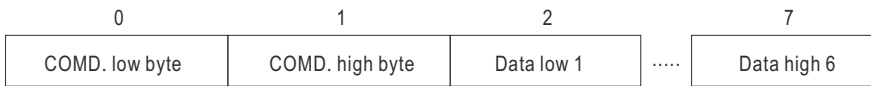
Data filed bytes



DRP/DBR-3200 to Controller

Response:

Data filed bytes



NOTE: DRP/DBR-3200 will not send data back when writing parameters, such as VOUT_SET

4.2.2 DRP-3200 Message ID definition

| Message ID | Description |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0xC00XX | DRP-3200 to Controller Message ID |
| 0xC01XX | Controller to DRP-3200 Message ID |
| 0xC01FF | Controller broadcasts to DRP-3200 |

XX means ID of DRP-3200

A0-A3 allow users to designate an address for each DRP-3200 unit; these four bits are defined through a 4-pole DIP switch on the rear panel of the rack shelf. There are up to 16 different addresses available to be assigned. When DIP switch in the "ON" position means logic "0"; when it is in the "OFF" position, meaning logic "1", for example, position 3 in "OFF", the corresponding bit, A2, is set to logic "1". Please refer to Table 4-14 for the detailed setup advice.



| Module No. | Device address/ID | | | |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|----|
| | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 |
| | DIP switch position | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 0 | ON | ON | ON | ON |
| 1 | OFF | ON | ON | ON |
| 2 | ON | OFF | ON | ON |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | ON | ON |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF | ON |
| 5 | OFF | ON | OFF | ON |
| 6 | ON | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 7 | OFF | OFF | OFF | ON |

| Module No. | Device address/ID | | | |
|------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | A0 | A1 | A2 | A3 |
| | DIP switch position | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 8 | ON | ON | ON | OFF |
| 9 | OFF | ON | ON | OFF |
| 10 | ON | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 11 | OFF | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 12 | ON | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 13 | OFF | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 14 | ON | OFF | OFF | OFF |
| 15 | OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF |

Table 4-14

4.2.2.1 CANBus Command list

| Command Code | Command Name | Transaction Type | # of data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| 0x0000 | OPERATION | R/W | 1 | ON/OFF control ON: 01h OFF: 00h |
| 0x0020 | VOUT_SET | R/W | 2 | Output voltage set (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0030 | IOUT_SET | R/W | 2 | Output current set (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0040 | FAULT_STATUS | R | 2 | Abnormal status |
| 0x0050 | READ_VIN | R | 2 | Input voltage read value (format: value, F=1) |
| 0x0060 | READ_VOUT | R | 2 | Output voltage read value (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0061 | READ_IOUT | R | 2 | Output current read value (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0062 | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | R | 2 | Internal ambient temperature (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0070 | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | R | 2 | Fan speed 1 reading value (Format: value, F=1, unit: RPM) |
| 0x0071 | READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | R | 2 | Fan speed 2 reading value (Format: value, F=1, unit: RPM) |
| 0x0080 | MFR_ID_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture's name |
| 0x0081 | MFR_ID_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture's name |
| 0x0082 | MFR_MODEL_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture model name |
| 0x0083 | MFR_MODEL_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture model name |
| 0x0084 | MFR_REVISION_B0B5 | R | 6 | Firmware version |
| 0x0085 | MFR_LOCATION_B0B2 | R | 3 | Manufacture place |
| 0x0086 | MFR_DATE_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture date |
| 0x0087 | MFR_SERIAL_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture serial number |
| 0x0088 | MFR_SERIAL_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture serial number |

Table 4-15

Note:

The conversion of setting and reading values is defined as following:

Actual value = Communication reading value × Factor (F value). Among them, Factor needs to refer to the definition of SCALING_FACTOR in each model list.

EX: V_{o_real} (actual DC voltage) = READ_VOUT × Factor.

If the Factory of READ_VOUT of a certain mode is 0.1, the communication reading value is 0x00F0 (hexadecimal) → 240(decimal), then $VDC_{real} = 240 \times 0.1 = 24.0V$.

(1)Display parameters

| CANBus command | Model | Display value range | Tolerance |
|--------------------|-------|---------------------|-----------|
| READ_VIN | ALL | 80~264V | ±10V |
| READ_VOUT | 24V | 0~30V | ±0.36V |
| | 48V | 0~60V | ±0.48V |
| READ_IOUT | 24V | 0~160A | ±5.32A |
| | 48V | 0~80A | ±2.68A |
| READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | ALL | -40~100℃ | ±5℃ |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | ALL | 0~26500 RPM | ±2000RPM |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | ALL | 0~26500 RPM | ±2000RPM |

(2)Control parameters

| CANBus command | Model | Adjustable range | Tolerance | Default |
|----------------|-------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| OPERATION | ALL | 00h(OFF)/01h(ON) | N/A | ON |
| VOUT_SET | 24V | 18~30V | ±0.36V | 24V |
| | 48V | 36~60V | ±0.48V | 48V |
| IOUT_IOUT | 24V | 26.75~146.25A | ±5.32A | 146.25A |
| | 48V | 13.5~73.5A | ±2.68A | 73.5A |

Note:

1.READ_IOUT will display ZERO amp when output current is less than values in the table below.

| Model | Minimum readable current |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 24V | 5.3A±1A |
| 48V | 2.7A±1A |

4.2.3 DBR-3200 CANBus Communication Interface

4.2.3.1 DBR-3200 Message ID definition

| Message ID | Description |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| 0xC00XX | DBR-3200 to Controller Message ID |
| 0xC01XX | Controller to DBR-3200 Message ID |
| 0xC01FF | Controller broadcasts to DBR-3200 |

XX means ID of a DBR-3200

A0-A2 allow users to designate the ID for each DBR-3200 unit; these three bits are defined through a 4-pole DIP switch on the rear panel of the rack shelf. There are up to 8 different addresses available to be assigned. Please refer to Table 4-16(left) for the detailed setup advice. The charging operation can be determined by the setup over D0, position 4 on the DIP switch. When D0 is "ON", DBR-3200 follows a built charging curve to charge the batteries; when D0 is "OFF", the charging operation is completely defined by the control over PMBus, PV/PC or SVR. Please refer to Table 4-16.



| ID | A0 | A1 | A2 |
|----|---------------------|-----|-----|
| | DIP switch position | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| 0 | ON | ON | ON |
| 1 | OFF | ON | ON |
| 2 | ON | OFF | ON |
| 3 | OFF | OFF | ON |
| 4 | ON | ON | OFF |
| 5 | OFF | ON | OFF |
| 6 | ON | OFF | OFF |
| 7 | OFF | OFF | OFF |

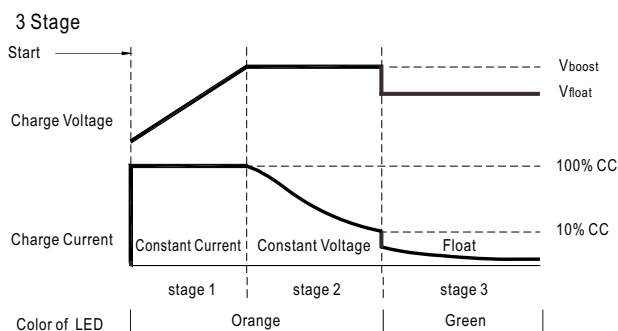
| D0 | Function describe |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| DIP switch position 4 | |
| ON | Charging curve |
| OFF | PMBus or PV/PC or SVR control |

Table 4-16

4.2.3.2 Charge Curve

When it is opted for charging curve, D0 set to ON, charging curve function is enabled with additional CANBus commands. There are 4 built-in charging curves, "default" curve, one pre-defined curve for "gel battery", one pre-defined curve for "flooded battery" and one pre-defined curve for "AGM battery". Each curve can be selected by Command 0x00B4 CURVE_CONFIG. Please refer to Table 4-17. In addition, users are able to customize their own charge curves, which will be stored to "default" after modification. Vboost can be set by Command 0x00B1 CURVE_CV ; Vfloat can be set by Command 0x00B2 CURVE_FV ; Charge current level of stage 1 can be set by Command 0x00B0 CURVE_CC; Taper current level from stage2 to stage3 can be set by Command 0x00B3 CURVE_TC. Please refer to the following CANBus Command List in 4.2.3.3 for detailed information on commands and parameters.

⊙ Default 3 stage charging curve



⊙ Embedded 3 stage charging curve

| MODEL | Description | Vboost | Vfloat | CC (default) |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------------|
| 24V | Default, programmable | 28.8 | 27.6 | 110A |
| | Pre-defined, gel battery | 28 | 27.2 | |
| | Pre-defined, flooded battery | 28.4 | 26.8 | |
| | Pre-defined, AGM battery | 29 | 27 | |
| 48V | Default, programmable | 57.6 | 55.2 | 55A |
| | Pre-defined, gel battery | 56 | 54.4 | |
| | Pre-defined, flooded battery | 56.8 | 53.6 | |
| | Pre-defined, AGM battery | 58 | 54 | |

⊙ Suitable for lead-acid batteries (flooded, Gel and AGM) and Li-ion batteries (lithium iron and lithium manganese).

- NOTE: 1. The updated charging parameters are saved into EEPROM. The updated charging curve takes effect after DBR-3200 is restarted, remote on/off, or operation on/off.
2. When charging curve is enabled, the following commands will be invalid while other CAN bus commands are effective: Command 0x0020 VOUT_SET (regarding Output voltage programming function) and Command 0x0030 IOU_T_SET (regarding Output current programming function).

4.2.3.3 DBR-3200 CANBus Command list

| Command Code | Command Name | Transaction Type | # of data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|---|
| 0x0000 | OPERATION | R/W | 1 | ON/OFF control ON: 01h OFF: 00h |
| 0x0020 | VOUT_SET | R/W | 2 | Output voltage set (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0030 | IOUT_SET | R/W | 2 | Output current set (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0040 | FAULT_STATUS | R | 2 | Abnormal status |
| 0x0050 | READ_VIN | R | 2 | Input voltage read value (format: value, F=1) |
| 0x0060 | READ_VOUT | R | 2 | Output voltage read value (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0061 | READ_IOUT | R | 2 | Output current read value (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0062 | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | R | 2 | Internal ambient temperature (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x0070 | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | R | 2 | Fan speed 1 reading value (Format: value, F=1, unit: RPM) |
| 0x0071 | READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | R | 2 | Fan speed 2 reading value (Format: value, F=1, unit: RPM) |
| 0x0080 | MFR_ID_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture's name |
| 0x0081 | MFR_ID_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture's name |
| 0x0082 | MFR_MODEL_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture model name |
| 0x0083 | MFR_MODEL_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture model name |
| 0x0084 | MFR_REVISION_B0B5 | R | 6 | Firmware version |
| 0x0085 | MFR_LOCATION_B0B2 | R | 3 | Manufacture place |
| 0x0086 | MFR_DATE_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture date |
| 0x0087 | MFR_SERIAL_B0B5 | R | 6 | Manufacture serial number |
| 0x0088 | MFR_SERIAL_B6B11 | R | 6 | Manufacture serial number |
| 0x00B0 | CURVE_CC | R/RW | 2 | Constant current setting of charge curve (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x00B1 | CURVE_CV | R/RW | 2 | Constant voltage setting of charge curve (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x00B2 | CURVE_FV | R/RW | 2 | Floating voltage setting of charge curve (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x00B3 | CURVE_TC | R/RW | 2 | Taper current setting of charge curve (format: value, F=0.1) |
| 0x00B4 | CURVE_CONFIG | R/RW | 2 | Configuration setting of charge curve |
| 0x00B5 | CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT | R/RW | 2 | CC charge timeout setting of charging curve (format: value, F=1) |
| 0x00B6 | CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT | R/RW | 2 | CV charge timeout setting of charging curve (format: value, F=1) |
| 0x00B7 | CURVE_FV_TIMEOUT | R/RW | 2 | FV charge timeout setting of charging curve (format: value, F=1) |
| 0x00B8 | CHG_STATUS | R | 2 | Charging status reporting |

Valid when charging according to charge curve(D0=ON)

Table 4-17

4.2.4 Definition and contents of CANBus Command list

©Definition of Command FAULT_STATUS(0x0040) :

| | Bit7 | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|----------|---------|--------|---------|-------|------|------|------|----------|
| Low byte | HI_TEMP | OP_OFF | AC_FAIL | SHORT | OLP | OVP | OTP | FAN_FAIL |

Bit 0 FAN_FAIL : Fan locked flag
0 = Working normally
1 = Fan locked

Bit 1 OTP : Over temperature protection
0 = Internal temperature normal
1 = Internal temperature abnormal

Bit 2 OVP : DC over voltage protection
0 = DC voltage normal
1 = DC over voltage protected

Bit 3 OLP : DC over current protection
0 = DC current normal
1 = DC over current protected

Bit 4 SHORT : Short circuit protection
0 = Shorted circuit do not exist
1 = Shorted circuit protected

Bit 5 AC_FAIL : AC abnormal flag
0 = AC input range normal
1 = AC input range abnormal

Bit 6 OP_OFF : DC status
0 = DC output turned on
1 = DC output turned off

Bit 7 HI_TEMP : Internal high temperature protection
0 = Internal temperature normal
1 = Internal temperature abnormal

Note: Unsupported settings displays with "0"

©MFR_ID_B0B5 (0x0080) is the first 6 codes of the manufacturer's name (ASCII); MFR_ID_B6B11 (0x0081) is the last 6 codes of the manufacturer's name (ASCII)

EX: Manufacturer's name is MEANWELL MFR_ID_B0B5 is MEANWE ; MFR_ID_B6B11 is LL

| MFR_ID_B0B5 | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
| 0x4D | 0x45 | 0x41 | 0x4E | 0x57 | 0x45 |

| MFR_ID_B6B11 | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
| 0x4C | 0x4C | 0x20 | 0x20 | 0x20 | 0x20 |

©MFR_MODEL_B0B5 (0x0082) is the first 6 codes of the manufacturer's model name (ASCII);

MFR_MODEL_B6B11 (0x0083) is the last 6 codes of the manufacturer's model name (ASCII)

EX: Model names is DRP-3200-48 → MFR_MODEL_B0B5 is DRP-32 ; MFR_MODEL_B6B11 is 00-48

| MFR_MODEL_B0B5 | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
| 0x44 | 0x42 | 0x52 | 0x2D | 0x33 | 0x32 |

| MFR_ID_B6B11 | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
| 0x30 | 0x30 | 0x2D | 0x34 | 0x38 | 0x20 |

©MFR_REVISION_B0B5 (0x0084) is the firmware revision (hexadecimal).

A range of 0x00 (R00.0)~0xFE (R25.4) represents the firmware version of an MCU; 0xFF represents no MCU existed.

EX: The supply has two MCUs, the firmware version of the MCU number 1 is version R25.4 (0xFE), the MCU number 2 is version R10.5 (0x69)

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0xFE | 0x69 | 0xFF | 0xFF | 0xFF | 0xFF |

©MFR_DATE_B0B5 (0x0086) is manufacture date (ASCII)

EX: MFR_DATE_B0B5 is 180101, meaning 2018/01/01

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0x31 | 0x38 | 0x30 | 0x31 | 0x30 | 0x31 |

©MFR_SERIAL_B0B5 (0x0087) and MFR_SERIAL_B6B11 (0x0088) are defined as manufacture date and manufacture serial number (ASCII)

EX: The first unit manufactured on 2018/01/01 → MFR_SERIAL_B0B5: 180101 ; MFR_SERIAL_B6B11: 000001

| Byte 0 | Byte 1 | Byte 2 | Byte 3 | Byte 4 | Byte 5 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 0x31 | 0x38 | 0x30 | 0x31 | 0x30 | 0x31 |

| Byte 6 | Byte 7 | Byte 8 | Byte 9 | Byte 10 | Byte 11 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| 0x30 | 0x30 | 0x30 | 0x30 | 0x30 | 0x31 |

©CURVE_CONFIG(0x00B4, only for RCB in charger mode) :

| | Bit7 | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| High byte | - | - | - | - | - | FVTOE | CVTOE | CCTOE |
| Low byte | - | STGS | - | - | TCS | | CUVS | |

Low byte

Bit 0:1 CUVS : Charge Curve Selection

00 = Customized charge Curve(default)

01 = Gel Battery

10 = Flooded Battery

11 = AGM Battery

Bit 3-2 TCS : Temperature Compensation Setting

00 = disable

01 = -3 mV/°C/cell (default)

10 = -4 mV/°C/cell

11 = -5 mV/°C/cell

Bit 6 STGS : 2/3 Stage Charge Setting

0 = 3 stage charge (default)

1 = 2 stage charge

High byte:

Bit 0 CCTOE : Constant Current Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0 = disable (default)

1 = enabled

Bit 1 CVTOE : Constant Voltage Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0 = disable (default)

1 = enabled

Bit 2 FTTOE : Float Voltage Stage Timeout Indication Enable

0 = disable (default)

1 = enabled

Note: Unsupported settings displays with "0"

©CHG_STATUS(0x00B8, only for RCB in charger mode) :

| | Bit7 | Bit6 | Bit5 | Bit4 | Bit3 | Bit2 | Bit1 | Bit0 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|------|-------|
| High byte | FVTOF | CVTOF | CCTOF | - | BTNC | NTCER | - | EEPER |
| Low byte | - | - | - | - | FVM | CVM | CCM | FULLM |

Low byte

Bit 0 FULLM : Fully Charged Mode Status

0 = NOT fully charged

1 = fully charged

Bit 1 CCM : Constant Current Mode Status

0 = the charger NOT in constant current mode

1 = the charger in constant current mode

Bit 2 CVM : Constant Voltage Mode Status

0 = the charger NOT in constant voltage mode

1 = the charger in constant voltage mode

Bit 3 FVM : Float Mode Status

0 = the charger NOT in float mode

1 = the charger in float mode

High byte:

Bit 0 EEPER: EEPROM charging parameter error

0 = charging parameter is correct

1 = charging parameter has error

Bit 2 NTCER: temperature compensation error

0 = There is no short circuit in the temperature compensation circuitry

1 = There is a short circuit in the temperature compensation circuitry

Bit 3 BTNC : Battery Detection

0 = battery detected

1 = No battery detected

Bit 5 CCTOF : Time Out Flag of Constant Current Mode

0 = NO time out in constant current mode

1 = constant current mode timed out

Bit 6 CVTOF : Time Out Flag of Constant Voltage Mode

0 = NO time out in constant voltage mode

1 = constant voltage mode timed out

Bit 7 FTTOF : Time Out Flag of Float Mod

0 = NO time out in float mode

1 = float mode timed out

4.2.5 CANBus Value Range and Tolerance

(1) Display parameters

| CANBus command | Model | Display value range | Tolerance |
|--------------------|-------|---------------------|-----------|
| READ_VIN | ALL | 80~264V | ±10V |
| READ_VOUT | 24V | 0~30V | ±0.36V |
| | 48V | 0~60V | ±0.48V |
| READ_IOUT | 24V | 0~160A | ±5.32A |
| | 48V | 0~80A | ±2.68A |
| READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | ALL | -40~100℃ | ±5℃ |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | ALL | 0~26500 RPM | ±2000RPM |
| READ_FAN_SPEED_2 | ALL | 0~26500 RPM | ±2000RPM |

(2) Control parameters

| CANBus command | Model | Adjustable range | Tolerance | Default |
|------------------------|-------|------------------|-----------|---------|
| OPERATION | ALL | 00h(OFF)/01h(ON) | N/A | ON |
| VOUT_SET | 24V | 18~30V | ±0.36V | 24V |
| | 48V | 36~60V | ±0.48V | 48V |
| IOUT_SET | 24V | 22~110A | ±5.32A | 110A |
| | 48V | 11~55A | ±2.68A | 55A |
| CURVE_CC (DBR only) | 24V | 22~110A | ±5.32A | 110A |
| | 48V | 11~55A | ±2.68A | 55A |
| CURVE_CV (DBR only) | 24V | 18~30V | ±0.36V | 28.8V |
| | 48V | 36~60V | ±0.48V | 57.6V |

| CANBus command | Model | Adjustable range | Tolerance | Default |
|--|-------|------------------|-----------|------------|
| CURVE_FV (DBR only) | 24V | 18~VBST | ±0.36V | 27.6V |
| | 48V | 36~VBST | ±0.48V | 55.2V |
| CURVE_TC (DBR only) | 24V | 5.5~33A | ±1.34A | 11A |
| | 48V | 3~16.5A | ±0.67A | 5.5A |
| CURVE_CC_TIMEOUT CURVE_CV_TIMEOUT CURVE_FV_TIMEOUT (DBR only) | ALL | 60~64800 Minute | ±5 Minute | 600 Minute |

Note:

1. READ_IOUT will display ZERO amp when output current is less than values in the table below.

| Model | Minimum readable current |
|-------|--------------------------|
| 24V | 5.3A±1A |
| 48V | 2.7A±1A |

1. The setting of CURVE_FV must be less than or equal to CURVE_CV. If CURVE_FV is greater than CURVE_CV, it will be CURVE_VF=CURVE_CV stored in EEPROM.

4.2.6 Communication example

4.2.6.1 Sending command

The master adjusts output voltage of the unit with address "01" to 30V.

| CAN ID | DLC (data length) | Command code | Parameters |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0101 | 0x4 | 0x2000 | 0x2C01 |

Command code: 0x0020 (VOUT_SET) → 0x20(Lo) + 0x00(Hi)

Parameters: 30V → 300 → 0x012C → 0x2C(Lo) + 0x01(Hi)

NOTE: Conversion factor for VOUT_SET is 0.1, so $\frac{30V}{F=0.1} = 300$

4.2.6.2 Reading data or status

The master reads operation setting from the unit with address "00".

| CAN ID | DLC (data length) | Command code |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x2 | 0x0000 |

The unit with address "00" returns data below

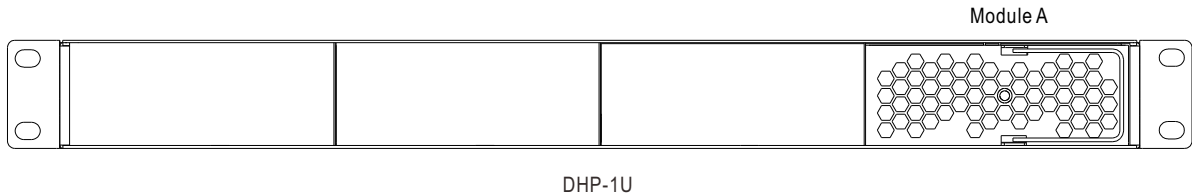
| CAN ID | DLC (data length) | Command code | Parameters |
|---------|-------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0000 | 0x3 | 0x0000 | 0x01 |

Parameters: 0x01 ON, meaning that the unit with address "00" is operating.

4.2.6.3 Practical Operation of Charger Mode

The following steps will describe how to set the DBR-3200-48 to charger mode and adjust its curve for a 2-stage charging process, with a constant current (CC) of 30A and a constant voltage (CV) of 56V.

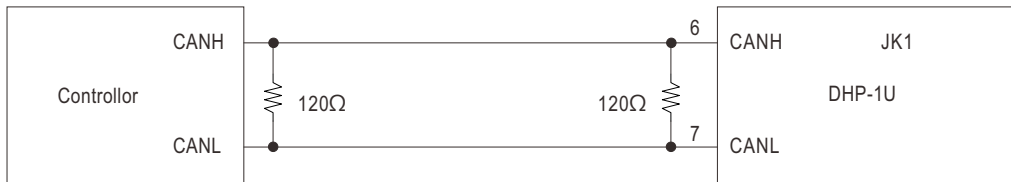
1. Set the ID of the rack supply to "0", by installing the rack supply in the far right slot or Module A and then setting the SWA DIP switch to ON/ON/ON/ON positions.



2. Connect the CANH/CANL pins of the master to the corresponding CANH(PIN6) and CANL(PIN7) pins of the JK1 connector on the rack shelf. It is recommended to establish a common ground for the communication system to increase its communication reliability by using GND-AUX (PIN8) of JK1.

Ⓢ Set baud rate: 250kbps, type: extended

Ⓢ Adding a 120Ω terminal resistor to both the controller and rack shelf ends can increase communication stability



3. Configure communication settings after power on in remote off mode. Set the charger to 2-stage charging mode.

| CANID | DLC(data length) | Command Code | Parameters |
|---------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x04 | 0xB400 | 0x4400 |

Command code: 0x00B4(CURVE_CONFIG)

Data: 44(Lo) + 00(Hi) ◦ Please refer to definition of CURVE_CONFIG for detailed information.

4. Set the constant current (CC) point to 30A

| CANID | DLC(data length) | Command Code | Parameters |
|---------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x04 | 0xB000 | 0x2C01 |

Command code: 0x00B0(CHURVE_CC)

Data: 30A → 300 → 0x012C → 0x2C(Lo) + 0x01(Hi)

NOTE: Conversion factor for CURVE_CC is 0.1, so $\frac{30A}{F=0.1} = 300$

5. Set the constant voltage (CV) point to 56V

| CANID | DLC(data length) | Command Code | Parameters |
|---------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x04 | 0xB100 | 0x3002 |

Command code: 0x00B1(CHURVE_CV)

Data: 56V → 560 → 0x0230 → 0x30(Lo) + 0x02(Hi)

NOTE: Conversion factor for CURVE_CV is 0.1, so $\frac{56V}{F=0.1} = 560$

6. Before connecting to the batteries, it is recommended to review all of the settings and parameters using the appropriate commands. In the event that they do not meet your requirements, you may rewrite them as needed.

EX: Read CURVE_CV to check whether CV level or Vboost was set to a proper level.

Read CURVE_CV

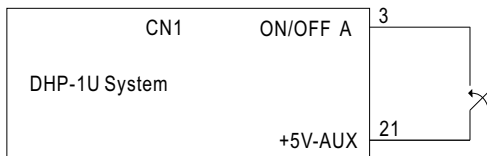
| CANID | DLC(data length) | Command Code |
|---------|------------------|--------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x02 | 0xB400 |

The unit returns data below

| CANID | DLC(data length) | Command Code | Parameters |
|---------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0xC0100 | 0x04 | 0xB400 | 0x3002 |

Data: 0x02(Lo) + 0x30(Hi) → 0x0230 → 560 = 56V.

7. Finally, short circuit ON-OFF (PIN3) and +5-AUX (PIN21) pins of the CN1 connector on the rack shelf to remote on the supply to charge the batteries.



5. Notes on Operation

5.1 Installation Method

- ⊙ Mount the DHP-1U in a 19 inch rack cabinet before operating.
- ⊙ Insert 1 ~ 4 pieces of DRP/DBR-3200 (with the same output voltage and current) into the DHP-1U (refer to Figure 5-1)
- ⊙ This is a unit with forced air cooling, please keep fans and ventilation holes free from any obstructions. It is suggested that there should be no barriers within 10cm of the ventilation holes.
- ⊙ Connect AC source to the AC inlets (A, B, C, D) respectively.

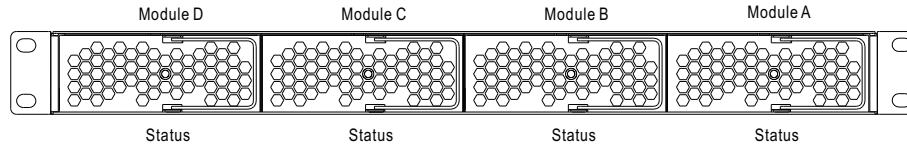


Figure 5-1 DHP System assembly diagram

- ⊙ Suggested wire selection for input/out wirings, e.g. DRP-3200

| Input/ Output | Module | Current | Minimum Cross-section of copper wire | Maximum Current |
|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 115VAC | 1 unit | 9Arms | 14AWG UL1015 | 12A |
| 230VAC | 1 unit | 17Arms | 12AWG UL1015 | 22A |
| +24VDC | 1 unit | 133Adc | 30mm ² | 139A |
| | 2 unit | 266Adc | 100mm ² | 298A |
| | 3 unit | 399Adc | 200mm ² | 469A |
| | 4 unit | 532Adc | 250mm ² | 556A |
| +48VDC | 1 unit | 67Adc | 22mm ² | 115A |
| | 2 unit | 134Adc | 30mm ² | 139A |
| | 3 unit | 201Adc | 60mm ² | 217A |
| | 4 unit | 268Adc | 100mm ² | 298A |
| Other commonly used wires | | | 16AWG UL1015 | 8A |
| | | | 12AWG UL1015 | 22A |
| | | | 10AWG UL1015 | 35A |
| | | | 30mm ² | 139A |
| | | | 50mm ² | 190A |
| | | | 60mm ² | 217A |
| | | | 80mm ² | 257A |
| | | | 100mm ² | 298A |
| | | | 125mm ² | 344A |
| | | | 150mm ² | 395A |
| | | | 200mm ² | 469A |
| | | 250mm ² | 556A | |
| | | 325mm ² | 665A | |

Table 5-1 Suggested wire selection for input/output wirings

5.2 Derating

⊙ When DRP-3200/DBR-3200 units are operating at a lower AC input voltage, these units will de-rate their output current automatically to protect themselves, shown as Figure 5-2.

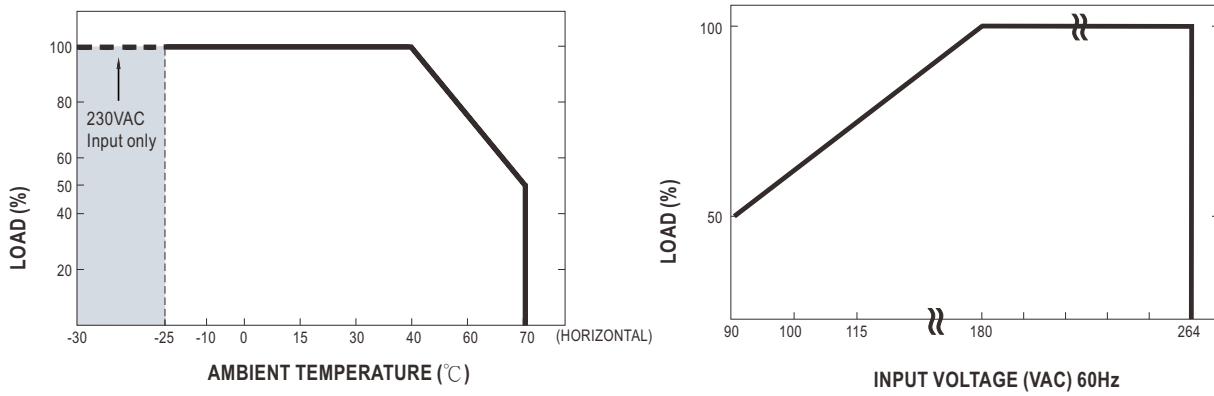


Figure 5-2 Output de-rating curves

5.3 Warranty

⊙ A five year global warranty is provided under normal operation. Please do not change any component or modify the unit by yourself or MEANWELL may reserve the right not to provide the complete warranty service.

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